UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION **WASHINGTON D.C. 20549**

Form	10-Q
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		Form 10-Q			
×	QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 (OR 15(d) OF THE SECURI	TIES EX	XCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
	For the qu	arterly period ended June 3	30, 2019		
		OR			
	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 (OR 15(d) OF THE SECURI	TIES EX	XCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
		Commission File Number 001-36462			
	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	nsurance Hold of Registrant as specified in			
	Delaware (State of Incorporation)		-	45-5338504 (IRS Employer Identification No.)	
		0 McCormick Drive, Suite 300 Clearwater, Florida 33759 ling zip code, of principal exec		ices)	
	(Registrant's	(727) 362-7200 telephone number, including	area codo	e)	
	Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:	F		-,	
	Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)		Name of each exchange on which regist	ered
	Common Stock, par value \$0.0001 per share	HRTG		New York Stock Exchange	
-	Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reporteding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was request. Yes ⊠ No □				
(§232	Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electron 2.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shown that the chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shown that the chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shown that the chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shown that the chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shown that the chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shown that the chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shown that the chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shown that the chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shown that the chapter) during the preceding the chapter) during the preceding the chapter (or for such shown that the chapter) during the preceding the chapter (or for such shown that the chapter) during the chapter (or for such shown that the chapter) during the chapter (or for such shown that the chapter) during the chapter (or for such shown that the chapter) during the chapter (or for such shown that the chapter) during the chapter (or for such shown that the chapter (or for such shown that the chapter) during the chapter (or for such shown that shown that the chapter (or for such shown that shown the chapter (or for such shown that shown the chapter (or for such shown		_	_	Regulation S-T
comp	Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated pany. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer				
_	ge accelerated filer	npany		Emerging growth company	\boxtimes
_	If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the regincial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Ex		extended	I transition period for complying with any ne	w or revised
finan					
finan	Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (a	as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the	Exchange	e Act). Yes □ No ⊠	

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FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q ("Form 10-Q") or in documents incorporated by reference that are not historical facts are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements include statements about (i) our ability to meet our investment objectives and to manage and mitigate market risk with respect to our investments; (ii) the adequacy of our reinsurance program and our ability to diversify risk and safeguard our financial position; (iii) our estimates with respect to tax and accounting matters; (iv) future dividends, if any; (v) our expectations related to our financing activities; (vi) the sufficiency of our liquidity to pay our insurance company affiliates' claims and expenses, as well as to satisfy commitments in the event of unforeseen events; (vii) the sufficiency of our capital resources, together with cash provided from our operations, to meet currently anticipated working capital requirements; (viii) the potential effects of the seasonality of our business, including effects on our reinsurance business and financial results and (ix) the potential effects of our current legal proceedings.

These statements are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about the industry and market in which we operate, and management's beliefs and assumptions. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, words such as "may," "will," "expect," "believe," "anticipate," "intend," "could," "would," "estimate," or "continue" or the negative variations thereof or comparable terminology are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve certain known and unknown risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such statements. The risks and uncertainties include, without limitation:

- the possibility that actual losses may exceed reserves;
- the concentration of our business in coastal states, which could be impacted by hurricane losses or other significant weather-related events such as northeastern winter storms;
- our exposure to catastrophic weather events;
- the fluctuation in our results of operations;
- increased costs of reinsurance, non-availability of reinsurance, and non-collectability of reinsurance;
- our failure to identify suitable acquisition candidates; effectively manage our growth and integrate acquired companies;
- increased competition, competitive pressures, and market conditions;
- our failure to accurately price the risks we underwrite;
- inherent uncertainty of our models and our reliance on such model as a tool to evaluate risk;
- the failure of our claims department to effectively manage or remediate claims;
- low renewal rates and failure of such renewals to meet our expectations;
- our failure to execute our diversification strategy;
- failure of our information technology systems and unsuccessful development and implementation of new technologies;
- a lack of redundancy in our operations;
- our failure to attract and retain qualified employees and independent agents or our loss of key personnel;
- our inability to generate investment income;
- our inability to maintain our financial stability rating;
- effects of emerging claim and coverage issues relating to legal, judicial, environmental and social conditions;
- the failure of our risk mitigation strategies or loss limitation methods;
- our reliance on independent agents to write voluntary insurance policies;
- changes in regulations and our failure to meet increased regulatory requirements;
- our ability to maintain effective internal controls over financial reporting;
- our status as an "emerging growth company";
- the regulation of our insurance operations; and
- certain characteristics of our common stock.

Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition or operating results.

These forward-looking statements are subject to numerous risks, uncertainties and assumptions about us described in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). The forward-looking statements we make in our Form 10-Q are valid only as of the date of our Form 10-Q and may not occur in light of the risks, uncertainties and assumptions that we describe from time to time in our filings with the SEC. A detailed discussion of these and other risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results and events to differ materially from our forward-looking statements is included in the section entitled "Risk Factors" in Part I, Item 1A in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018. Except as required by applicable law, we undertake no obligation and disclaim any obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1 – Financial Statements

HERITAGE INSURANCE HOLDINGS, INC. Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Amounts in thousands, except per share and share amounts)

	Jui	ne 30, 2019	I	December 31, 2018
ASSETS	(u	naudited)		
Fixed maturities, available-for-sale, at fair value (amortized cost of \$546,687 and \$518,391)		553,619	\$	509,649
Equity securities, at fair value (cost of \$1,618 and \$18,698)		1,618		16,456
Other investments		22,761		2,488
Total investments		577,998		528,593
Cash and cash equivalents		262,489		250,117
Restricted cash		13,784		12,253
Accrued investment income		4,549		4,468
Premiums receivable, net		57,045		57,000
Reinsurance recoverable on paid and unpaid claims		330,406		317,930
Prepaid reinsurance premiums		331,543		233,071
Income taxes receivable		17,731		35,586
Deferred policy acquisition costs, net		74,064		73,055
Property and equipment, net		21,110		17,998
Intangibles, net		72,663		76,850
Goodwill		152,459		152,459
Other assets		18,144		9,333
Total Assets	\$	1,933,985	\$	1,768,713
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses	\$	430,412	\$	432,359
Unearned premiums		479,162		472,357
Reinsurance payable		324,834		166,975
Long-term debt, net		132,449		148,794
Deferred income tax, net		17,535		7,705
Advance premiums		24,463		20,000
Accrued compensation		4,758		9,226
Accounts payable and other liabilities		81,522		85,964
Total Liabilities	\$	1,495,135	\$	1,343,380
Commitments and contingencies (Note 17)				
Stockholders' Equity:				
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value, 50,000,000 shares authorized, 29,855,378 shares issued and				
29,274,577 shares outstanding at June 30, 2019; 30,083,559 shares issued and 29,477,756 shares outstanding at December 31, 2018		3		3
Additional paid-in capital		330,281		325,292
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		5,259		(6,527)
Treasury stock, at cost, 7,720,177 and 7,214,797 shares, respectively		(96,529)		(89,185)
Retained earnings		199,836		195,750
Total Stockholders' Equity		438,850	-	425,333
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$	1,933,985	\$	1,768,713

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

HERITAGE INSURANCE HOLDINGS, INC.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Other Comprehensive Income (Unaudited)

(Amounts in thousands, except per share and share amounts)

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,				For the Six Month	ths Ended June 30,		
		2019		2018		2019		2018
REVENUES:								
Gross premiums written	\$	254,840	\$	263,664	\$	465,188	\$	468,030
Change in gross unearned premiums		(24,882)		(32,693)		(6,640)		(9,896)
Gross premiums earned		229,958		230,971		458,548		458,134
Ceded premiums		(115,875)		(119,767)		(234,774)		(240,822)
Net premiums earned		114,083		111,204		223,774		217,312
Net investment income		3,830		2,555		7,502		5,857
Net realized gains (losses)		1,303		(85)		2,327		(312)
Other revenue		3,627		4,298		7,501		7,141
Total revenues	·	122,843	· ·	117,972		241,104		229,998
EXPENSES:								
Losses and loss adjustment expenses		74,299		65,989		136,438		119,080
Policy acquisition costs, net of ceding commission income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 of \$12.1 million and \$25 million, respectively		27,087		19,411		53,107		31,598
General and administrative expenses, net of ceding commission income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 of \$4 million and \$8.3 million, respectively		18,384		24,422		36,988		46,352
Total expenses		119,770		109,822		226,533		197,030
Operating income		3,073		8,150		14,571		32,968
Interest expense, net		1,984		5,386		4,101		10,206
Other non-operating (income)/loss, net		1,704		(542)		48		(542)
Income before income taxes		1,089		3,306		10,422		23,304
Provision for income taxes		368		898		2,737		6,066
	\$	721	\$		\$	7,685	\$	
Net income	D	/21	Ф	2,408	Ф	7,083	D	17,238
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		- 0.50		(\				(= 0.00)
Change in net unrealized gains (losses) on investments		7,068		(545)		15,104		(7,023)
Reclassification adjustment for net realized investment losses		59		85		394		312
Income tax (expense) benefit related to items of other comprehensive		(1.204)		(220)		(2.712)		1.504
income		(1,304)	Φ.	(239)		(3,712)		1,584
Total comprehensive income	\$	6,544	\$	1,709	\$	19,471	\$	12,111
Weighted average shares outstanding								
Basic		29,346,234		25,631,871		29,442,363		25,679,448
Diluted		29,352,796		26,316,597		29,447,668		26,480,707
Earnings per share								
Basic	\$	0.02	\$	0.09	\$	0.26	\$	0.67
Diluted	\$	0.02	\$	0.09	\$	0.26	\$	0.65

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

HERITAGE INSURANCE HOLDINGS, INC.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (Unaudited)

(Amounts in thousands, except share amounts)

	Common Shares	Par Value			Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings 2 \$ 195,750		Treasury Shares		Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)		Total Stockholders' Equity
Balance at December 31, 2018	29,477,756	\$	3	\$	325,292	\$	195,750	\$	(89,185)	\$ (6,527)	\$	425,333
Net unrealized change in investments, net of tax	_		_		_		_			5,963		5,963
Restricted stock vested, net of surrendered shares	17,000		_		(118)		_		_	_		(118)
Stock-based compensation on vested restricted stock	_		_		1,345		_		_	_		1,345
Convertible Option debt extinguishment	_		_		(1,840)		_		_	_		(1,840)
Stock issued on convertible note conversion	285,201		_		4,210		_		_	_		4,210
Stock buy-back	(347,740)		_		_		_		(5,011)	_		(5,011)
Dividends declared on common stock	_		_		_		(1,807)		_	_		(1,807)
Tax rate change	_		_		48		_		_	_		48
Net income							6,964					6,964
Balance at March 31, 2019	29,432,217	\$	3	\$	328,937	\$	200,907	\$	(94,196)	\$ (564)	\$	435,087
Net unrealized change in investments, net of tax	_				_		_		_	5,823		5,823
Stock-based compensation on vested restricted stock	_		_		1,344		_		_	_		1,344
Convertible Option debt extinguishment	_		_		· —		_		_	_		_
Stock buy-back	(157,640)		_		_		_		(2,333)	_		(2,333)
Dividends declared on common stock			_		_		(1,792)		· · · · ·	_		(1,792)
Net income							721					721
Balance at June 30, 2019	29,274,577	\$	3	\$	330,281	\$	199,836	\$	(96,529)	\$ 5,259	\$	438,850

	Common Shares	Additional Paid-In Retained Par Value Capital Earnings				Treasury Shares	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss			Total tockholders' Equity			
Balance at December 31, 2017, as previously	25 995 996	•	¢ 2		204.026	6	175 226	Φ.	(07.105)	Φ (2.064)		•	270.017
reported	25,885,006	\$	3	\$	294,836	\$	175,226	\$	(87,185)	2	(3,064)	\$	379,816
Cumulative effective of change in accounting principle (ASU 2016-01), net of tax	_		_		_		(267)		_		267		_
Balance at December 31, 2017, as adjusted	25,885,006		3		294,836		174,959		(87,185)		(2,797)		379,816
Stock buy-back	(115,200)		_		_		_		(2,000)		_		(2,000)
Stock-based compensation	_		_		1,306		_		_		_		1,306
Reclassification of income taxes upon early adoption of ASU 2018-02	_		_		_		424		_		(424)		_
Tax effect of warrant reclassification	_		_		970		_		_		_		970
Dividends declared on common stock	_		_		_		(1,601)		_		_		(1,601)
Net unrealized change in investments, net of tax	_		_		_				_		(4,428)		(4,428)
Net income	_		_		_		14,830		_		` — ´		14,830
Balance at March 31, 2018	25,769,806	\$	3	\$	297,112	\$	188,612	\$	(89,185)	\$	(7,649)	\$	388,893
Net unrealized change in investments, net of tax					_				_		(699)		(699)
Stock-based compensation on vested restricted stock	_		_		1,306		_		_		` —		1,306
Convertible Option debt extinguishment	_		_		(4,235)		_		_		_		(4,235)
Dividends declared on common stock	_		_		_		(1,593)		_		_		(1,593)
Net income							2,408						2,408
Balance at June 30, 2018	25,769,806	\$	3	\$	294,183	\$	189,427	\$	(89,185)	\$	(8,348)	\$	386,080

 $See\ accompanying\ notes\ to\ unaudited\ condensed\ consolidated\ financial\ statements\ .$

HERITAGE INSURANCE HOLDINGS, INC.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

(Amounts in thousands)

	For the Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2	2019	2018	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net income	\$	7,685 \$	17,238	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Stock-based compensation		2,689	2,612	
Bond amortization and accretion		2,514	3,454	
Amortization of original issuance discount on debt		730	2,050	
Depreciation and amortization		5,492	14,041	
Net realized losses		394	312	
Net unrealized investment gains		(2,721)	_	
Net loss from repurchase of debt		(48)	(542)	
Deferred income taxes		4,525	(15,579)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accrued investment income		(81)	751	
Premiums receivable, net		(45)	(411)	
Prepaid reinsurance premiums		(98,472)	(68,160)	
Reinsurance recoverable on paid and unpaid claims		(12,476)	(110,500)	
Income taxes receivable		17,855	(5,154)	
Deferred policy acquisition costs, net		(1,009)	(27,970)	
Other assets		(8,811)	(3,356)	
Unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses		(1,947)	18,527	
Unearned premiums		6,805	9,896	
Reinsurance payable		157,859	258,930	
Accrued interest		128	(3,148)	
Accrued compensation		(4,468)	(9,723)	
Advance premiums		4,463	12,173	
Income taxes payable		(14,396)		
Other liabilities		9,751	(47,109)	
Net cash provided by operating activities		76,415	48,332	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Fixed maturity securities sales		61,290	158,251	
Fixed maturity securities purchases		(95,336)	(127,701)	
Proceeds from sales of equity securities		26,529	5,360	
Purchase of equity securities		(4,833)	(4,605)	
Limited partnership interest		(20,006)	_	
Proceeds from sale of assets		71		
Cost of property and equipment acquired		(4,487)	(367)	
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(36,772)	30,938	
Repayment of term note		(11,875)	_	
Mortgage loan payments		(138)	(131)	
Repurchase of convertible notes		(2,869)	(13,248)	
Purchase of treasury stock		(7,344)	(2,000)	
Tax withholdings on share-based compensation awards		(118)	_	
Dividends paid		(3,396)	(3,194)	
Net cash used in financing activities		(25,740)	(18,573)	
Increase in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash		13,903	60,697	
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of period		262,370	174,530	
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of period	\$	276,273 \$	235,227	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION				
Income taxes paid	\$	13,728 \$	5,406	
Interest paid	\$	3,529	8,317	
·	<u> </u>			
Issuance of shares on conversion of convertible notes	<u>\$</u>	4,210		

Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash to the condensed consolidated balance sheets

	June 30, 2019	Dec	ember 31, 2018			
	(In thousands)					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 262,489	\$	250,117			
Restricted cash	13,784	\$	12,253			
Total	\$ 276,273	\$	262,370			

Restricted cash primarily presents funds held to meet our contractual obligations related to the catastrophe bonds issued by Citrus Re bonds and certain states in which the Company's insurance subsidiaries conduct business to meet regulatory requirements.

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

HERITAGE INSURANCE HOLDINGS, INC. Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Heritage Insurance Holdings, Inc. (together with its subsidiaries, the "Company"). These statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Certain financial information that is normally included in annual consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP, but that is not required for interim reporting purposes, has been omitted. In the opinion of the Company's management, all material intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated and all adjustments consisting of normal recurring accruals which are, necessary for a fair statement of the financial condition and results of operations for the interim periods have been reflected. The accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements and related footnotes should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and related footnotes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 (the "2018 Form 10-K").

Significant accounting policies

The Accounting policies of the Company are set forth in Note 1 to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements contained in the Company's 2018 Annual Report on Form 10-K. We include herein certain updates to those policies.

Leases

At the inception of a contract, we assess whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. The assessment is based on (1) whether the contract involves the use of distinct identified assets, (2) whether the Company obtains the right to substantially all the economic benefit from the use of the asset throughout the period, and (3) whether the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

All significant lease arrangements are generally recognized at lease commencement. A right of use ("ROU") asset and corresponding lease liability are not recorded for leases with an initial term of 12 months or less (short term leases) and we recognize lease expense for these leases as incurred over the lease term.

ROU assets represent our right to use an underlying asset during the reasonably certain lease term and lease liabilities represent our obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Our lease terms include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that we will exercise the option.

Operating lease ROU assets and liabilities are recognized based on the present value of the lease term. Lease payments may be fixed or variable, however, only fixed payments or in-substance fixed payments are included in determining the lease liability. Variable lease payments are recognized in operating expenses in the period in which the obligation for those payments are incurred. The operating lease ROU asset also includes any lease payments related to initial direct cost and prepayments and excludes lease incentives. Lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. We have lease agreements with lease and non-lease components, which are generally accounted for separately.

We primarily use our incremental borrowing rates for our operating leases (rates are not readily determinable) and implicit rates for our financing leases in determining the present value of leases payments.

In the first quarter of 2019, the Company adopted ASU 2016 -02 and did not recognize an opening adjustment to retained earnings as a result of the adoption of FASB 842. Refer to Note 5-Leases herein for further information.

Reclassification

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases* (Topic 842) Lease Accounting, which requires that a lessee recognize in the statement of financial position a liability to make lease payments (the lease liability) and a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term. For leases with a term of 12 months or less, a lessee is permitted to make an accounting policy election by class of underlying asset not to recognize lease assets and lease liabilities. As with previous guidance, there continues to be a differentiation between finance leases and operating leases, however this distinction now primarily relates to differences in the manner of expense recognition over time and in the classification of lease payments in the statement of cash flows. Lease assets and liabilities arising from both finance and operating leases will be recognized in the statement of financial position. ASU 2016-02 leaves the accounting for leases by lessors largely unchanged from previous GAAP.

At the inception of a contract, we assess whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. The assessment is based on (1) whether the contract involves the use of distinct identified assets, (2) whether the Company obtains the right to substantially all the economic benefit from the use of the asset throughout the period, and (3) whether the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

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ROU assets represent our right to use an underlying asset during the reasonably certain lease term and lease liabilities represent our obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Our lease terms include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that we will exercise the option.

Operating lease ROU assets and liabilities are recognized based on the present value of the lease term. Lease payments may be fixed or variable, however, only fixed payments or in-substance fixed payments are included in determining the lease liability. Variable lease payments are recognized in operating expenses in the period in which the obligation for those payments are incurred. The operating lease ROU asset also includes any lease payments related to initial direct cost and prepayments and excludes lease incentives. Lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. We have lease agreements with lease and non-lease components, which are generally accounted for separately.

We primarily use our incremental borrowing rates for our operating leases (rates are not readily determinable) and implicit rates for our financing leases in determining the present value of leases payments.

We adopted the guidance prospectively during the first quarter of 2019. As part of our adoption, we elected not to reassess historical lease classification or recognize short-term leases on our balance sheet. At implementation, we recorded approximately \$2.8 million as right-of-use operating and financing leased assets in other assets and approximately \$2.8 million of lease liabilities in accounts payable and other liabilities. We did not recognize an opening adjustment to retained earnings. Adoption of this standard did not materially impact the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Other Comprehensive Income and Statements of Cash Flows. See **Note 5** to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

In April 2019, the FASB issued ASU 2019-04, *Codification Improvements to Topic 326, Financial Instruments-Credit Losses, Topic 815, Derivatives and Hedging, and Topic 825,* Financial Instruments, which provided certain improvements to ASU 2016-01, Financial Instruments-Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (ASU 2016-01) and ASU 2016-13. As the Company adopted ASU 2016-01 on January 1, 2018, the improvements in ASU 2019-04 are effective in the first quarter of 2020. Early adoption is permitted. The Company expects to adopt ASU 2016-13 in the first quarter of 2020 and the improvements in ASU 2019-04 will be adopted concurrently. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting ASU 2019-04 on its condensed consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

For information regarding other accounting standards that the Company has not yet adopted, refer to our <u>Annual Report on Form 10-K</u>, filed on <u>March 12</u>, 2019, the section of Note 1 of the notes to the consolidated financial statements entitled the "Accounting Pronouncement Not Yet Adopted",

NOTE 2. INVESTMENTS

Securities Available-for-Sale

The following table details the difference between cost or adjusted/amortized cost and estimated fair value, by major investment category, at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

June 30, 2019	ost or Adjusted / Imortized Cost	G	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gra	ess Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
Fixed maturity securities, available-for-sale			(In tho	usands)		
U.S. government and agency securities (1)	\$ 56,395	\$	260	\$	68	\$ 56,587
States, municipalities and political subdivisions	72,313		1,373		29	73,657
Special revenue	250,062		3,193		440	252,815
Industrial and miscellaneous	167,917		2,794		151	170,560
Total	\$ 546,687	\$	7,620	\$	688	\$ 553,619

December 31, 2018	Cost or Adjusted / Amortized Cost		Gross Unrealized Gains	G	ross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
Fixed maturity securities, available-for-sale	 		(In thou	(sands)	200000	1 /
U.S. government and agency securities (1)	\$ 48,739	\$	40	\$	738	\$ 48,041
States, municipalities and political subdivisions	60,028		46		785	59,289
Special revenue	249,026		210		3,881	245,355
Industrial and miscellaneous	155,678		81		3,302	152,457
Redeemable preferred stocks	4,920		_		413	4,507
Total	\$ 518,391	\$	377	\$	9,119	\$ 509,649

⁽¹⁾ U.S. government and agency securities include pledged fixed maturity securities with an estimated fair value of \$24.4 million and \$31.0 million under the terms and condition of the advance agreement entered into with a financial institution as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. The Company is permitted to withdraw or exchange any portion of the pledged collateral over the minimum requirement at any time.

The Company calculates the gain or loss realized on the sale of investments by comparing the sales price (fair value) to the cost or adjusted/amortized cost of the security sold. The Company determines the cost or adjusted/amortized cost of the security sold using the specific-identification method. The following tables detail the Company's net realized gains (losses) by major investment category for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

		20	019	9	2018					
		Gains		_		Gains				
		(Losses)		Fair Value at Sale		(Losses)	Fa	ir Value at Sale		
Three Months Ended June 30,				(In thouse	ınds)					
Fixed maturity securities	\$	975	\$	29,359	\$	2	\$	70,401		
Equity securities		1,255		17,253		1		169		
Total realized gains		2,230	_	46,612		3		70,570		
Fixed maturity securities	-	(140)	_	6,406		(39)	-	7,487		
Equity securities		(1,079)		5,517		(49)		1,517		
Total realized losses		(1,219)	_	11,923		(88)	-	9,004		
Net realized gains and (losses)	\$	1,011	\$	58,535	\$	(85)	\$	79,574		
				-						

	2019				2018			
		Gains				Gains		
		(Losses)	i	Fair Value at Sale		(Losses)	Fair	r Value at Sale
Six Months Ended June 30,	_			(In thousa	ınds)			
Fixed maturity securities	\$	968	\$	42,387	\$	76	\$	233,874
Equity securities		2,447		23,413		1		169
Total realized gains		3,415		65,800		77		234,043
Fixed maturity securities		(204)		13,089		(242)		61,325
Equity securities		(1,176)		1,792		(147)		3,758
Total realized losses		(1,380)		14,881		(389)		65,083
Net realized gains and (losses)	\$	2,035	\$	80,681	\$	(312)	\$	299,126

Gains (losses) on equity investments consists of realized and unrealized holding gains or losses on marketable equity investments and fair value adjustment, including, if any, impairments on nonmarketable equity investments. For the six months ended June 3 0, 2018, the Company reported changes in the fair value of equity investments in Other revenue.

For the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Company received proceeds from the sale of marketable equity securities of approximately \$2.3 million and \$1.6 million, respectively. The Company recorded gross gains from these sales of \$1.3 million and a gross loss of \$1.1 million and a gross gain of \$1,000 and gross loss of \$49,300 for the comparable period for the prior year period.

For the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Company received proceeds from the sale of its holdings in marketable equity securities of approximately \$26.5 million and \$5.4 million, respectively. These sales resulted in gross gains of \$2.4 million and gross losses of \$1.2 million, and a gross gain of \$1,000 and a gross loss of \$147,000 respectively, related primarily to unrealized holding gains or losses in certain marketable equity securities.

As of June 30, 2019, the Company has unrealized holding gains of \$292,000 recognized on nonmarketable other investments still held at reporting date.

The following table provides the unrealized gains and losses recorded on equity securities and other investments from changes in fair value still held of the reporting period:

	Thr	Three Months Ended June 30,			Si	Six Months Ended Jun			
(In thousands)		2019	2	018		2019		2018	
Unrealized gains (loss) recognized on equity securities still held at reporting date	\$	292	\$	(45)	\$	292	\$	(405)	

The table below summarizes the Company's fixed maturity securities at June 30, 2019 by contractual maturity periods. Actual results may differ as issuers may have the right to call or prepay obligations, with or without penalties, prior to the contractual maturity of those obligations.

		At June 30, 2019										
	Cost or	Amortized Cost	Percent of Total		Fair Value	Percent of Total						
Maturity dates:	(In	thousands)			(In thousands)							
Due in one year or less	\$	66,490	12%	\$	66,518	12%						
Due after one year through five years		173,670	32%		175,086	32%						
Due after five years through ten years		135,901	25%		139,352	25%						
Due after ten years		170,626	31%		172,663	31%						
Total	\$	546,687	100%	\$	553,619	100%						

The following table summarizes the Company's net investment income by major investment category for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively:

	Three Months Ended June 30,						
		2019		2018			
		(In thousand	ls)				
Fixed maturity securities	\$	3,571	\$	2,593			
Equity securities		517		314			
Cash and cash equivalents		197		204			
Other investments		241		114			
Net investment income		4,526		3,225			
Less: Investment expenses		696		670			
Net investment income, less investment expenses	\$	3,830	\$	2,555			

	Six Months Ended June 30,					
		2019		2018		
		(In thousand	ls)			
Fixed maturity securities	\$	6,295	\$	4,978		
Equity securities		944		617		
Cash and cash equivalents		938		1,243		
Other investments		542		183		
Net investment income		8,719		7,021		
Less: Investment expenses		1,217		1,164		
Net investment income, less investment expenses	\$	7,502	\$	5,857		

Limited Partnerships and Limited Liability Company Investments

The Company has interests in limited partnerships ("LPs") that are not registered or readily tradable on a securities exchange. The investments are private equity funds managed by general partners who make financial policy and operational decisions. The Company is not the primary beneficiary and does not consolidate these partnerships. As of June 30, 2019, the estimated fair value of our investments in the LPs interests was \$20.3 million. The general partner's objective is to achieve capital appreciation through investments in marketable securities and broad markets, preferred stock, industry-focused and fixed income exchange-traded funds (ETFs).

These funds are carried at net asset value, which approximates fair value with changes in fair value recorded in net realized gains (losses) on the Company's condensed consolidated statement of income and comprehensive income. Sales of these investments are reported within net realized gains (losses).

The Company has an interest in a limited liability company ("LLC") that is not registered or readily tradable on a securities exchange. The investment is in an LLCs that maintains a specific ownership account for each investor, similar to a partnership capital account structure, and is viewed as similar to an investment in a LP for purposes of determining whether a noncontrolling investment in an LLC shall be accounted for using the cost method or the equity method. The Company receives monthly returns of capital from the LLC which reduces the investment. As of June 30, 2019, the estimated fair value of the Company's investments in the LLCs interest was \$2.5 million. The expenses from these funds are recorded to net investment income.

For the six month ended June 30, 2019, the Company invested \$20.3 million in LPs and LLCs. For the comparable period of 2018, the Company did not increase its investment portfolio for this category. For the period ended June 30, 2019, the Company recognized net investment gains in LPs in aggregate of \$291,682. As of the second quarter of 2019 and 2018, the Company received total cash distributions from its LLC investments of \$29,875 and \$261,080, respectively, representing return of capital on its investments. The Company incurred \$138,898 of allocated costs during the second quarter of 2019 and \$1,329 for the comparable period of 2018.

The following tables present an aging of our unrealized losses on fixed maturity investments by investment class as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

	Le	ess The	an Twelve Month	!S			Twelv	e Months or Mo	re	
	Number of	Gre	oss Unrealized			Number of	Gr	oss Unrealized		
June 30, 2019	Securities		Losses	F	air Value	Securities		Losses	F	air Value
Fixed maturity securities, available-for-sale					(In thousa	nds)				
U.S. government and agency securities	2	\$	_	\$	646	39	\$	68	\$	8,367
States, municipalities and political subdivisions	1		_		531	13		29		8,898
Industrial and miscellaneous	10		1		2,561	97		150		27,032
Special revenue	15		6		1,913	220		434		52,484
Total fixed maturity securities	28	\$	7	\$	5,651	369	\$	681	\$	96,781

	L	ess T	han Twelve Mon	ths		7	welv	e Months or Moi	re	
	Number of	Gr	oss Unrealized			Number of	Gra	oss Unrealized		
December 31, 2018	Securities		Losses	Fair	Value	Securities		Losses	F	air Value
Fixed maturity securities, available-for-sale					(In tho	usands)				_
U.S. government and agency securities	17	\$	129	\$	10,485	66	\$	609	\$	20,488
States, municipalities and political subdivisions	13		103		12,864	42		682		39,979
Industrial and miscellaneous	214		1,479		70,156	232		1,822		70,375
Special revenue	105		1,260		76,335	323		2,621		108,319
Redeemable preferred stocks	55		193		2,541	27		221		1,965
Total fixed maturity securities	404	\$	3,164	\$	172,381	690	\$	5,955	\$	241,126

The Company is required to maintain assets on deposit with various regulatory authorities to support its insurance and reinsurance operations.

As of June 30, 2019, the Company evaluated its fixed maturity securities for impairment and determined that none of its investments in fixed maturity securities that reflected an unrealized loss position were other-than-temporarily impaired. The issuers of the fixed maturity securities in which the Company invests continue to make interest payments on a timely basis and have not suffered any credit rating reductions. The Company does not intend to sell, nor is it likely that it would be required to sell, the fixed maturity securities before the Company recovers its amortized cost basis.

NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

For the Company's investments in U.S. government securities that do not have prices in active markets, agency securities, state and municipal governments, and corporate bonds, the Company obtains the fair values from its third-party valuation service and we evaluate the relevant inputs, assumptions, methodologies and conclusions associated with such valuations. The valuation service calculates prices for the Company's investments in the aforementioned security types on a month-end basis by using several matrix-pricing methodologies that incorporate inputs from various sources. The model the valuation service uses to price U.S. government securities and securities of states and municipalities incorporates inputs from active market makers and inter-dealer brokers. To price corporate bonds and agency securities, the valuation service calculates non-call yield spreads on all issuers, uses option-adjusted yield spreads to account for any early redemption features, then adds final spreads to the U.S. Treasury curve as of quarter end. The inputs the valuation service uses in their calculations are not quoted prices in active markets, but are observable inputs, and therefore represent Level 2 inputs.

The following table presents information about the Company's assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis. The Company assesses the levels for the investments at each measurement date, and transfers between levels are recognized on the actual date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer in accordance with the Company's accounting policy regarding the recognitions of transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy. As of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, there were no transfers in or out of Level 1, 2, and 3.

The Company also invests in private limited partnerships and limited liability companies. This investment class has the potential for higher returns but also the potential for higher degrees of risk, including less than stable rates of returns and may provide less liquidity.

Investments excluded from the fair value hierarchy

Limited Partnerships and Limited Liability Companies. Fair value estimates of the LPs and LLCs are based on their net asset values, as reported by the manager of the LP or LLC. The fair value of these investments is measured at net asset value and is excluded from the fair value hierarchy. For the current LPs, the Company may, as of the last day of each calendar quarter, upon at least 65 days' prior written notice, withdrawal all or any portion of the balance in its investment. There is a 3 percent withdrawal fee if made during the first year of investment.

June 30, 2019	Total	Level 1		Level 2	Level 3
Invested Assets:		(In thousa	inds)		
Fixed maturity securities, available-for-sale:					
U.S. government and agency securities	\$ 56,587	\$ 365	\$	56,222	\$ _
States, municipalities and political subdivisions	73,657	_		73,657	_
Special revenue	252,815	_		252,815	_
Industrial and miscellaneous	170,560	_		170,560	_
Total fixed maturity securities	 553,619	365		553,254	
Equity securities	 	 			 <u> </u>
Common stock	1,618	1,618		_	_
Total investments	555,237	 1,983		553,254	
Investment reported at NAV	22,761	_		_	_
Total investments	\$ 577,998	\$ 1,983	\$	553,254	\$ _
December 31, 2018	Total	Level 1		Level 2	Level 3
Invested Assets:		(In thousa	inds)		
Fixed maturity securities, available-for-sale:					
U.S. government and agency securities	\$ 48,041	\$ 354	\$	47,687	\$ _

December 31, 2018	 Total		Level 1		Level 2	Level 3
Invested Assets:			(In thousa	ands)		-
Fixed maturity securities, available-for-sale:						
U.S. government and agency securities	\$ 48,041	\$	354	\$	47,687	\$ _
States, municipalities and political subdivisions	59,289		_		59,289	_
Special revenue	245,355		_		245,355	_
Industrial and miscellaneous	152,457		_		152,457	_
Redeemable preferred stocks	 4,507		4,507		_	_
Total fixed maturity securities	 509,649	·	4,861		504,788	_
Equity securities	 					
Common stock	3,686		3,686		_	_
Non-redeemable preferred stock	12,770		12,770		_	_
Total equity securities	 16,456		16,456		_	
Investment reported at NAV	2,488		_		_	_
Total investments	\$ 528,593	\$	21,317	\$	504,788	\$

Non-recurring fair value measurements

Assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis include intangible assets and goodwill which are recognized at fair value during the period in which an acquisition is completed, from updated estimates and assumptions during the measurement period, or when they are considered to be impaired. These non-recurring fair value measurements, primarily for intangible assets acquired, were based on Level 3 unobservable inputs. For the quarters ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, these non-recurring fair values inputs consisted of brand, agent relationships, renewal rights, customer relations, trade names, non-compete and goodwill. To evaluate such assets for a potential impairment, we determine the fair value of the goodwill and intangible assets using a combination of a discounted cash flow approach and market approaches, which contain significant unobservable inputs and therefore are considered a Level 3 fair value measurement. The unobservable inputs in the analysis generally include future cash flow projections and a discount rate.

There were no non-recurring fair value adjustments to intangible assets and goodwill during the second quarters of 2019 and 2018. We record any measurement period adjustments to the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed, with the corresponding offset to goodwill.

NOTE 4. OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Other comprehensive income (loss) was \$11.8 million and \$(5.1) million for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The difference between net income as reported and comprehensive income was due to the changes in unrealized gains and losses, net of taxes on fixed maturities securities.

				Fo	r the T	hree Month	s End	ed June 30,				
	2019				2018							
	I	Pre-tax		Tax	Aj	fter-tax		Pre-tax		Tax	Af	ter-tax
						(in thouse	ands)					
Other comprehensive income												
Change in unrealized losses on investments, net	\$	7,068	\$	(1,293)	\$	5,775	\$	(545)	\$	(257)	\$	(802)
Reclassification adjustment of realized losses (gains) included in												
net income		59		(11)		48		85		18		103
Effect on other comprehensive income	\$	7,127	\$	(1,304)	\$	5,823	\$	(460)	\$	(239)	\$	(699)
				<u> </u>	-							
				F	or the S	Six Months	Ende	d June 30,				
				2019	or the S	Six Months	Ende	d June 30,	2	2018		
		Pre-tax				Six Months fter-tax		d June 30, Pre-tax		2018 Tax	Aj	îter-tax
		Pre-tax		2019							Af	îter-tax
Other comprehensive income		Pre-tax		2019		fter-tax					Af	îter-tax
Other comprehensive income Change in unrealized losses on investments, net	<u></u>	Pre-tax 15,104	\$	2019		fter-tax					Af	<i>îter-tax</i> (5,505)
1			\$	2019 Tax	Aj	fter-tax (in thouse	ands)	Pre-tax		Tax	V	
Change in unrealized losses on investments, net			\$	2019 Tax	Aj	fter-tax (in thouse	ands)	Pre-tax		Tax	V	

NOTE 5. LEASES

The Company has entered into operating and financing leases primarily for real estate and vehicles. The Company will determine whether an arrangement is a lease at inception of the agreement. The operating leases have terms of one to ten years, and often include one or more options to renew. These renewal terms can extend the lease term from three to ten years, and are included in the lease term when it is reasonably certain that the Company will exercise the option. The Company considers these options in determining the lease term used in establishing our right-of-use asset and lease obligations. Our lease agreements do not contain any material residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants.

Because the rate implicit in each operating lease in not readily determinable, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate to determine present value of the lease payments. The Company used the implicit rates within the finance leases.

Components of our lease costs for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 are as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months En	ided June 30, 2019	Six Months	Ended June 30, 2019
Amortization of ROU assets - Finance leases	\$	18	\$	38
Interest on lease liabilities - Finance leases		7		14
Variable lease cost (cost excluded from lease payments)		111		221
Operating lease cost (cost resulting from lease payments)		328		588
Total lease cost	\$	464	\$	861

Supplemental cash flow information and non-cash activity related to our operating and financing leases as of June 30, 2019 are as follows (in thousands):

	June .	30, 2019
Finance lease - Operating cash flows	\$	16
Finance lease - Financing cash flows	\$	47
Operating lease - Operating cash flows (fixed payments)	\$	341
Operating lease - Operating cash flows (liability reduction)	\$	276

Supplemental balance sheet information related to our operating and financing leases as of June 30, 2019 are as follows (in thousands):

	Balance Sheet Classification	 June 30, 2019
Right-of-use assets	Other assets	\$ 7,042
Lease Liability (1)	Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$ (8,718)

(1) Includes \$1.3 million in lease incentives received in the first quarter of 2019.

Weighted-average remaining lease term and discount rate for our operating and financing leases as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	June 30, 2019
Weighted average lease term - Finance leases	3.89 yrs.
Weighted average lease term - Operating leases	8.38 yrs.
Weighted average discount rate - Finance leases	9.24%
Weighted average discount rate - Operating leases	5.32%

Maturities of lease liabilities by fiscal year for our operating and financing leases as of June 30, 2019 are as follows (in thousands):

	June 30, 201	9
2019 remaining	\$	681
2020		1,408
2021		1,376
2022		1,410
2023		1,359
2024 and thereafter		4,676
Total lease payments		10,910
Less: imputed interest		(2,192)
Present value of lease liabilities	\$	8,718

NOTE 6. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property and equipment, net consisted of the following at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

	 June 30, 2019	Dec	cember 31, 2018	
	(In tho	usands)	(ds)	
Land	\$ 2,582	\$	2,582	
Building	11,390		11,390	
Computer hardware and software	5,303		4,901	
Office furniture and equipment	1,973		1,397	
Tenant and leasehold improvements	7,919		4,477	
Vehicle fleet	783		854	
Total, at cost	 29,950		25,601	
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	(8,840)		(7,603)	
Property and equipment, net	\$ 21,110	\$	17,998	

Depreciation and amortization expense for property and equipment was \$1.0 million and \$372,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 and \$1.6 million and \$786,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The Company's real estate consists of 15 acres of land and five buildings with a gross area of 229,000 square feet and a parking garage.

NOTE 7. GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Goodwill and Intangible Assets

At June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 goodwill was \$152.5 million and intangible assets were \$72.7 million and \$76.9 million, respectively. The Company has determined the useful life of the other intangible assets to range between 2.5-15 years. The Company has recorded \$1.3 million relating to insurance licenses and has classified the licenses as an indefinite lived intangible which is subject to annual impairment testing concurrent with goodwill.

		Goodwill
	(in	thousands)
Balance as of December 31, 2018	\$	152,459
Goodwill acquired		_
Impairment		_
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$	152,459

Other Intangible Assets

Our intangible assets resulted primarily from the acquisitions of Zephyr Acquisition Company in March 2016 and NBIC Holdings, Inc. in November 2017 and consist of brand, agent relationships, renewal rights, customer relations, trade names, non-competes and insurance licenses. Finite-lived intangibles assets are amortized over their useful lives from one to fifteen years.

Amortization expense of our intangible assets for the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 was \$2.1 million and \$6.6 million and \$4.2 million and \$13.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. No impairment in the value of amortizing or non-amortizing intangible assets was recognized during the three months ended June 30, 2019 or 2018.

Estimated annual pretax amortization of intangible assets for each of the next five years and thereafter is as follows (in thousands):

Year	Amo	ount (1)
2019 remaining	<u> </u>	4,021
2020	\$	6,365
2021	\$	6,351
2022	\$	6,351
2023	\$	6,351
2024	\$	6,351
Thereafter	\$	35,558
Total	\$	71,348

⁽¹⁾ Excludes insurance licenses valued at \$1.3 million and classified as an indefinite lived intangible which is subject to annual impairment testing and not amortized.

NOTE 8. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") for the periods indicated.

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2019	2018		2019			2018	
Basic earnings per share:									
Net income attributable to common stockholders (000's)	\$	721	\$	2,408	\$	7,685	\$	17,238	
Weighted average shares outstanding		29,346,234		25,631,871		29,442,363		25,679,448	
Basic earnings per share:	\$	0.02	\$	0.09	\$	0.26	\$	0.67	
Diluted earnings per share:									
Net income attributable to common stockholders (000's)	\$	721	\$	2,408	\$	7,685	\$	17,238	
Weighted average shares outstanding		29,346,234		25,631,871		29,442,363		25,679,448	
Weighted average dilutive shares		6,562		684,726		5,305		801,259	
Total weighted average dilutive shares		29,352,796		26,316,597		29,447,668		26,480,707	
Diluted earnings per share:	\$	0.02	\$	0.09	\$	0.26	\$	0.65	

NOTE 9. DEFERRED REINSURANCE CEDING COMMISSION

The Company defers reinsurance ceding commission income, which is amortized over the effective period of the related insurance policies. For the quarter ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Company allocated ceding commission income of \$12.1 million and \$13.5 million to policy acquisition costs and \$4.0 million and \$4.5 million to general and administrative expense, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Company allocated ceding commission income of \$25.0 million and \$27.7 million to policy acquisition costs and \$8.3 million and \$9.2 million to general and administrative expense, respectively.

The table below depicts the activity with regard to deferred reinsurance ceding commission during the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

	Three Months Ended June 30,					ne 30,		
	2019		2018		2019			2018
				(In	thousands)			
Beginning balance of deferred ceding commission income	\$	40,474	\$	47,841	\$	44,996	\$	51,277
Ceding commission deferred		10,389		12,986		23,036		28,542
Less: ceding commission earned		(16,158)		(17,991)		(33,327)		(36,983)
Ending balance of deferred ceding commission income	\$	34,705	\$	42,836	\$	34,705	\$	42,836

NOTE 10. DEFERRED POLICY ACQUISITION COSTS

The Company defers certain costs in connection with written policies, called deferred policy acquisition costs ("DPAC"), which are amortized over the effective period of the related insurance policies.

The Company anticipates that its DPAC costs will be fully recoverable in the near term. The table below depicts the activity with regard to DPAC during the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2019		2018		2019			2018
				(In	thousands,)		
Beginning Balance	\$	69,883	\$	53,862	\$	73,055	\$	41,678
Policy acquisition costs deferred		35,271		31,572		73,901		55,940
Amortization		(31,090)		(15,786)		(72,892)		(27,970)
Ending Balance	\$	74,064	\$	69,648	\$	74,064	\$	69,648

NOTE 11. INCOME TAXES

For the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Company recorded \$0.4 million and \$0.9 million, respectively, of income tax expenses which corresponds to effective tax rates of 33.8% and 27.2%, respectively. Lower pre-tax income for the quarter had a significant adverse impact on the effective tax rate for the discrete quarter due to the impact of permanent tax differences. During the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Company recorded \$2.7 million and \$6.1 million, respectively, of income tax expense which corresponds to an estimated annual effective tax rate of 26.3% and 26.0%, respectively. Effective tax rates are dependent upon components of pre-tax earnings and the related tax effects. The effective tax rate can fluctuate throughout the year as estimates used in the tax provision for the second quarter are updated as more information becomes available throughout the year.

The table below summarizes the significant components of our net deferred tax asset s (liabilities):

	June 30	2019	December 31, 2018
Deferred tax assets:		isands)	
Unearned premiums	\$	7,569	\$ 12,090
Unearned commission		8,309	10,733
Net operating loss		109	109
Tax-related discount on loss reserve		2,631	2,329
Unrealized loss		_	2,631
Investments		_	-
Stock-based compensation		859	297
Accrued expenses		844	2,321
Other		2,514	1,443
Total deferred tax asset		22,835	31,953
Deferred tax liabilities:		,	
Deferred acquisition costs		17,736	17,494
Prepaid expenses		173	112
Unrealized gains		1,734	_
Property and equipment		427	664
Note discount		502	710
Basis in purchased investments		129	163
Basis in purchased intangibles		18,037	18,982
Other		1,632	1,533
Total deferred tax liabilities		40,370	39,658
Net deferred tax liability	\$	(17,535)	\$ (7,705

In April 2019, the Company was notified by the tax authority that the federal income tax returns for the years 2015, 2016 and 2017 will be examined. The Company does not believe the examination results will have an adverse impact on the condensed consolidated financial statements.

At June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, we had no significant uncertain tax positions or unrecognized tax benefits that, if recognized, would impact the effective income tax rate.

NOTE 12. REINSURANCE

Overview

The Company's reinsurance program is designed, utilizing the Company's risk management methodology, to address its exposure to catastrophes or large non-catastrophic losses. The Company's program provides reinsurance protection for catastrophes including hurricanes, tropical storms, tornadoes and winter storms. The Company's reinsurance agreements are part of its catastrophe management strategy, which is intended to provide its stockholders an acceptable return on the risks assumed in its property business, and to reduce variability of earnings, while providing protection to the Company's policyholders.

In order to limit our potential exposure to catastrophic events, we purchase significant reinsurance from third party reinsurers and sponsor catastrophe bonds issued by Citrus Re Ltd. The catastrophe reinsurance may be on an excess of loss or quota share basis. We also purchase reinsurance for non-catastrophe losses on a quota share, per risk or facultative basis. Purchasing a sufficient amount of reinsurance to consider catastrophic losses from single or multiple events or significant non-catastrophe losses is an important part of our risk strategy, and premiums paid (or ceded) to reinsurers is one of our largest cost components. Reinsurance involves transferring, or "ceding", a portion of the risk exposure on policies we write to another insurer, known as a reinsurer. To the extent that our reinsurers are unable to meet the obligations they assume under our reinsurance agreements, we remain liable for the entire insured loss.

Our reinsurance agreements are prospective contracts. We record an asset, prepaid reinsurance premiums, and a liability, reinsurance payable, for the entire contract amount upon commencement of our new reinsurance agreements. We generally amortize our catastrophe reinsurance premiums over the 12-month contract period on a straight-line basis, which is June 1 through May 31. Our quota share reinsurance is amortized over the 12-month contract period and may be purchased on a calendar or fis cal year basis.

In the event that we incur losses and loss adjustment expenses recoverable under our reinsurance program, we record amounts recoverable from our reinsurers on paid losses plus an estimate of amounts recoverable on unpaid losses. The estimate of amounts recoverable on unpaid losses is a function of our liability for unpaid losses associated with the reinsured policies; therefore, the amount changes in conjunction with any changes to our estimate of unpaid losses. As a result, a reasonable possibility exists that an estimated recovery may change significantly in the near term from the amounts included in our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Our insurance regulators require all insurance companies, like us, to have a certain amount of capital and reinsurance coverage in order to cover losses and loss adjustment expenses upon the occurrence of a catastrophic event. Our reinsurance program provides reinsurance in excess of our state regulator requirements, which are based on the probable maximum loss that we would incur from an individual catastrophic event estimated to occur once in every 100 years based on our portfolio of insured risks. The nature, severity and location of the event giving rise to such a probable maximum loss differs for each insurer depending on the insurer's portfolio of insured risks, including, among other things, the geographic concentration of insured value within such portfolio. As a result, a particular catastrophic event could be a one-in-100-year loss event for one insurance company while having a greater or lesser probability of occurrence for another insurance company. We also purchase reinsurance coverage to protect against the potential for multiple catastrophic events occurring in the same year. We share portions of our reinsurance program coverage among our insurance company affiliates.

Significant Reinsurance Contracts

2019-2020 Excess of Loss Reinsurance Programs

Catastrophe Excess of Loss Reinsurance

Effective June 1, 2019, we entered into catastrophe excess of loss reinsurance agreements covering Heritage Property & Casualty Insurance Company ("Heritage P&C"), Zephyr Insurance Company ("Zephyr") and Narragansett Bay Insurance Company ("NBIC"). The catastrophe reinsurance programs are allocated amongst traditional reinsurers, catastrophe bonds issued by Citrus Re Ltd., a Bermuda special purpose insurer formed in 2014 ("Citrus Re"), the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund ("FHCF") and Osprey, our captive reinsurer. The FHCF covers Florida risks only and we participate at 90%. Our third-party reinsurers are either rated "A-" or higher by A.M. Best or S&P or are fully collateralized, to reduce credit risk.

The reinsurance program, which is segmented into layers of coverage, protects the Company for excess property catastrophe losses and loss adjustment expenses. The 2019-2020 reinsurance program provides first event coverage up to \$1.5 billion for Heritage P&C, first event coverage up to \$708.0 million for Zephyr, and first event coverage up to \$936.0 million for NBIC. Our first event retention for each insurance company subsidiary follows: Heritage P&C - \$20.0 million; Zephyr - \$20.0 million; NBIC - \$13.8 million.

Our program was placed on a cascading basis which provides greater horizontal protection in a multiple small events scenario and features additional coverage enhancements. This coverage exceeds the requirements established by the Companies' rating agency, Demotech, Inc., the Florida Office of Insurance Regulation, the Hawaii Insurance Division, and the Rhode Island Department of Business Regulation.

We are responsible for all losses and loss adjustment expenses in excess of our reinsurance program. For second or subsequent catastrophic events, our total available coverage depends on the magnitude of the first event, as we may have coverage remaining from layers that were not previously fully exhausted. An aggregate of \$2.6 billion of limit purchased in 2019 includes reinstatement through the purchase of reinstatement premium protection. In total, we have purchased \$2.6 billion of potential reinsurance coverage, including our retention, for multiple catastrophic events. Our ability to access this coverage, however, will be subject to the severity and frequency of such events.

The Company's estimated net cost for the 2019-2020 catastrophe reinsurance programs is approximately \$249.2 million.

Gross Quota Share Reinsurance

NBIC did not enter into a gross quota share reinsurance program for the fiscal year beginning June 1, 2019. For the previous fiscal year, NBIC purchased an 8% gross quota share reinsurance treaty effective June 1, 2018 which provided ground up loss recoveries of up to \$1.0 billion.

Net Quota Share Reinsurance

NBIC's Net Quota Share coverage is proportional reinsurance for which certain of our other reinsurance inures to the quota share (property catastrophe excess of loss and reinstatement premium protection and the second layer of the g eneral excess of loss). An occurrence limit of \$20.0 million for catastrophe losses is in effect on the quota share, subject to certain aggregate loss limits that vary by reinsurer. The amount and rate of reinsurance commissions slide, within a prescribed minimum and maximum, depending on loss performance. The Net Quota Share program was renewed on December 31, 2018 ceding 52% of the net premiums and losses and 10% of the prior year quota share will run off.

Aggregate Coverage

A \$931.0 million of limit is structured on an aggregate basis (Top and Aggregate, Layer 1, Layer 2, Layer 3, Layer 4, Layer 5, Stub layers, Multi-Zonal and 2017-1 Notes). To the extent that this coverage is not fully exhausted in the first catastrophic event, it provides coverage commencing at its reduced retention for second and subsequent events where underlying coverage has been previously exhausted. The Company purchased reinstatement premium protection for \$627.0 million of this coverage, which can be reinstated one time. Layers (with exception to FHCF) are "net" of a \$40.0 million attachment point. Layers inure to the subsequent layers if the aggregate limit of the preceding layer(s) is exhausted, and the subsequent layer cascades down in its place.

NBIC placed 40% of an aggregate contract, which covers all catastrophe losses excluding named storms, on December 31, 2018, expiring May 31, 2019. The limit on the contract is \$20.0 million, with a retention of \$20.0 million and franchise deductible of \$1.0 million.

NBIC placed 100% of an occurrence contract, which covers all catastrophe losses excluding named storms, on December 31, 2018, expiring December 31, 2019. The limit on the contract is \$20.0 million with a retention of \$20.0 million and has one reinstatement available.

Per Risk Coverage

For southeast losses and northeast commercial residential losses, excluding losses from named storms, the Company purchased property per risk coverage for losses and loss adjustment expenses in excess of \$1.0 million per claim. The limit recovered for an individual loss is \$9.0 million and total limit for all losses is \$27.0 million. There are two reinstatements available with additional premium due based on the amount of the layer exhausted. For Northeast commercial residential losses only, the Company purchased property per risk coverage for losses and loss adjustments expenses in excess of \$750,000 per claim. The limit recovered for an individual loss is \$250,000 and total limit for all losses is \$750,000. There are two reinstatements available with additional premium due based on the amount of the layer exhausted.

In addition, the Company purchased facultative reinsurance for losses in excess of \$10.0 million for any properties it insured where the total insured value exceeded \$10.0 million. This coverage applies to Southeast losses and Northeast commercial residential losses, excluding losses from named storms.

General Excess of Loss

NBIC's general excess of loss reinsurance protects NBIC from single risk losses, both property and casualty. The casualty coverage provided by this reinsurance contract also responds on a "Clash" basis, meaning that multiple policies involved in a single loss occurrence can be aggregated into one loss and applied to the reinsurance contract. The coverage is in two layers in excess of NBIC's retention of the first \$400,000 of loss. The first layer is \$350,000 excess \$400,000 and the second layer is \$2.75 million excess \$750,000 (Casualty second layer is \$1.25 million excess \$750,000). Both layers are 100% placed.

Semi-Automatic Facultative Excess of Loss

NBIC's automatic property facultative reinsurance protects NBIC from single risk losses, for property risks with a total insured value excess of \$3.5 million subject to a limit.

2018 - 2019 Reinsurance Program

Catastrophe Excess of Loss Reinsurance

Effective June 1, 2018, we entered into catastrophe excess of loss reinsurance agreements covering Heritage P&C, Zephyr and NBIC. The catastrophe reinsurance programs are allocated amongst traditional reinsurers, catastrophe bonds issued by Citrus Re and FHCF. The FHCF covers Florida risks only and we participate at 45%. Citrus Re, which provides fully collateralized multi-year coverage, covers catastrophe losses incurred by Heritage P&C only through the 2016 Class D and 2017-1 Notes, and covers catastrophe losses incurred by Heritage P&C, Zephyr and NBIC through the 2016 Class E Note. Our third-party reinsurers are either rated "A-" or higher by A.M. Best or S&P or are fully collateralized, to reduce credit risk.

The reinsurance program, which is segmented into layers of coverage, protects the Company for excess property catastrophe losses and loss adjustment expenses. The 2018-2019 reinsurance program provides first event coverage up to \$1.6 billion for Heritage P&C,

first event coverage up to \$801 .0 million for Zephyr, and first event coverage up to \$1.0 billion for NBIC. Our first event retention for each insurance company subsidiary follows: Heritage P&C - \$20.0 million; Zephyr - \$20.0 million; NBIC - \$12.8 million. Our second and third event retentions for each insurance company subsidiary follows: Heritage P&C - \$16.0 million; Zephyr - \$16.0 million; NBIC - \$8.8 million.

Our program was placed on a cascading basis which provides greater horizontal protection in a multiple small events scenario and features additional coverage enhancements. This coverage exceeds the requirements established by the Companies' rating agency, Demotech, Inc., the Florida Office of Insurance Regulation, the Hawaii Insurance Division, and the Rhode Island Department of Business Regulation. For the twelve months ending May 31, 2019, no single uncollateralized private reinsurer represented more than 10% of the overall limit purchased from our total reinsurance coverage.

We are responsible for all losses and loss adjustment expenses in excess of our reinsurance program. For second or subsequent catastrophic events, our total available coverage depends on the magnitude of the first event, as we may have coverage remaining from layers that were not previously fully exhausted. An aggregate of \$3.4 billion of limit purchased in 2018 includes reinstatement through the purchase of reinstatement premium protection. In total, we have purchased \$3.5 billion of potential reinsurance coverage, including our retention, for multiple catastrophic events. Our ability to access this coverage, however, will be subject to the severity and frequency of such events.

The Company's estimated net cost for the 2018-2019 catastrophe reinsurance programs is approximately \$252.0 million.

Gross Quota Share Reinsurance

NBIC purchased an 8% gross quota share reinsurance treaty effective June 1, 2018 which provides ground up loss recoveries of up to \$1.0 billion. Prior to this treaty, NBIC's gross quota share treaty was 18.75%.

Net Quota Share Reinsurance

NBIC's Net Quota Share coverage is proportional reinsurance for which certain of our other reinsurance inures to the quota share (property catastrophe excess of loss and reinstatement premium protection and the second layer of the general excess of loss). An occurrence limit of \$20.0 million for catastrophe losses is in effect on the quota share, subject to certain aggregate loss limits that vary by reinsurer. The amount and rate of reinsurance commissions slide, within a prescribed minimum and maximum, depending on loss performance. NBIC ceded 49.5% of net premiums and losses during 2018 to the Net Quota Share and 8% of the 2017 Net Quota Share was in runoff. The Net Quota Share program was renewed on December 31, 2018 ceding 52% of the net premiums and losses and 10% of the prior year quota share will run off.

Aggregate Coverage

A \$1.1 billion of limit is structured on an aggregate basis (Top and Aggregate, Layer 1, Layer 2, Layer 3, Layer 4, Stub layers, Multi-Zonal, 2017-1 Notes and 2016 Class E Notes). To the extent that this coverage is not fully exhausted in the first catastrophic event, it provides coverage commencing at its reduced retention for second and subsequent events where underlying coverage has been previously exhausted. The Company purchased reinstatement premium protection for \$669.0 million of this coverage, which can be reinstated one time. Layers (with exception to FHCF and 2016 Class D Notes) are "net" of a \$40.0 million attachment point. Layers inure to the subsequent layers if the aggregate limit of the preceding layer(s) is exhausted, and the subsequent layer cascades down in its place.

NBIC placed 42.5% of an aggregate contract, which covers all catastrophe losses excluding named storms, on May 31, 2018, expiring December 31, 2018. The limit on the contract is \$20.0 million, with a retention of \$3.0 million and franchise deductible of \$1.5 million.

NBIC placed 92% of an occurrence contract, which covers all catastrophe losses excluding named storms, on May 31, 2018, expiring December 31, 2018. The limit on the contract is \$20.0 million with a retention of \$20.0 million.

NBIC placed 40% of an aggregate contract, which covers all catastrophe losses excluding named storms, on December 31, 2018, expiring May 31, 2019. The limit on the contract is \$20.0 million, with a retention of \$20.0 million and franchise deductible of \$1.0 million.

NBIC placed 100% of an occurrence contract, which covers all catastrophe losses excluding named storms, on December 31, 2018, expiring December 31, 2019. The limit on the contract is \$20.0 million with a retention of \$20.0 million and has one reinstatement available.

Per Risk Coverage

For southeast losses and northeast commercial residential losses, excluding losses from named storms, the Company purchased property per risk coverage for losses and loss adjustment expenses in excess of \$1.0 million per claim. The limit recovered for an

individual loss is \$9.0 million and total limit for all losses is \$27.0 million. There are two reinstatements available with additional premium due based on the amount of the layer exhausted. In addition, the Company purchased facultative reinsurance in excess of \$10.0 million for any properties it insured where the total insured value exceeded \$10.0 million. This coverage applied to Southeast losses and Northeast commercial residential losses, excluding losses from name storms

General Excess of Loss

NBIC's general excess of loss reinsurance protects NBIC from single risk losses, both property and casualty. The casualty coverage provided by this contract also responds on a "Clash" basis, meaning that multiple policies involved in a single loss occurrence can be aggregated into one loss and applied to the reinsurance contract. The coverage is in two layers in excess of NBIC's retention of the first \$300,000 of loss. The first layer is \$450,000 excess \$300,000 and the second layer is \$2.75 million excess \$750,000 (Casualty second layer is \$1.25 million excess \$750,000). Both layers are 92% placed with the gross quota share providing the additional 8% coverage.

Semi-Automatic Facultative Excess of Loss

NBIC's automatic property facultative reinsurance protects NBIC from single risk losses, for property risks with a total insured value excess of \$3.5 million subject to a limit.

The Company's reinsurance arrangements had the following effect on certain items in the condensed consolidated statement of income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,				
	 2019		2018		2019	2018			
	 (In thou	ısands)		(In thousands)					
Premium written:									
Direct	\$ 254,840	\$	263,664	\$	465,188	\$	468,030		
Ceded	(312,600)		(251,632)		(359,442)		(308,982)		
Net	\$ (57,760)	\$	12,032	\$	105,746	\$	159,048		
Premiums earned:									
Direct	\$ 229,958	\$	230,971	\$	458,548	\$	458,134		
Ceded	(115,875)		(119,767)		(234,774)		(240,822)		
Net	\$ 114,083	\$	111,204	\$	223,774	\$	217,312		
Loss and Loss Adjustment Expenses									
Direct	\$ 162,390	\$	216,261	\$	274,566	\$	551,990		
Ceded	(88,091)		(150,272)		(138,128)		(432,910)		
Net	\$ 74,299	\$	65,989	\$	136,438	\$	119,080		

NOTE 13. RESERVE FOR UNPAID LOSSES

The Company determines the reserve for unpaid losses on an individual-case basis for all incidents reported. The liability also includes amounts which are commonly referred to as incurred but not reported, or "IBNR", claims as of the balance sheet date.

The table below summarizes the activity related to the Company's reserve for unpaid losses:

	Three Months	June 30,		ine 30,			
	 2019		2018		2019	2018	
			(In tho	usands)			
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 404,484	\$	547,736	\$	432,359	\$	470,083
Less: reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses	214,471		385,397		250,507		315,353
Net balance, beginning of period	 190,013		162,339		181,852		154,730
Incurred related to:	 						
Current year	75,623		49,852		138,348		101,214
Prior years	(1,324)		16,137		(1,910)		17,866
Total incurred	 74,299		65,989		136,438		119,080
Paid related to:	 						
Current year	34,793		23,068		43,155		21,816
Prior years	22,130		31,958		67,746		78,692
Total paid	 56,923		55,026		110,901		100,508
Net balance, end of period	 207,389		173,302		207,389		173,302
Plus: reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses	223,023		315,308		223,023		315,308
Balance, end of period	\$ 430,412	\$	488,610	\$	430,412	\$	488,610

As of June 30, 2019, the Company reported \$207.4 million in unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses, net of reinsurance which included \$159.7 million attributable to IBNR net of reinsurance recoverable, or 77% of net reserves for unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses.

The Company's losses incurred for the second quarter ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 reflect favorable development of \$1.3 million and unfavorable development of \$16.1 million, respectively, associated with management's best estimate of the actuarial loss and LAE reserves with consideration given to Company specific historical loss experience. While a portion of the 2018 development includes additional retention for hurricane losses, the majority of the 2018 loss development related to personal lines litigated and assignment of benefit claims from 2016 and 2017 accident years.

NOTE 14. LONG-TERM DEBT

Convertible Senior Notes

In August 2017 and September 2017, the Company issued in aggregate \$136.8 million of 5.875% Convertible Senior Notes ("Convertible Notes") maturing on August 1, 2037, unless earlier repurchased, redeemed or converted. Interest is payable semi-annually in arrears, on February 1, and August 1 of each year, commencing in 2018.

As of June 30, 2019, the Company had \$20.8 million of the Convertible Notes outstanding, net of issuance and debt discount costs in aggregate of approximately, \$2.6 million. For six months ended 2019 and 2018, the Company made interest payments of approximately \$856,700 and \$3.7 million, respectively on the Convertible Notes.

Debt Extinguishment

On February 19, 2019, the Company reacquired \$5.8 million of its outstanding Convertible Notes for approximately \$2.9 million, which was paid in cash and the issuance of 285,201 shares of the Company's common stock valued at \$4.2 million. The repurchase resulted in a \$48,000 non-operating loss.

Senior Secured Credit Facility

In December 2018, the Company entered into a five-year, \$125.0 million credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with a syndicate of lenders consisting of \$75.0 million senior secured term loan facility (the "Term Loan Facility") and a \$50.0 million senior secured revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Credit Facility" and together with the Term Loan Facility, the "Credit Facilities").

Term Loan Facility: The principal amount of the Term Loan Facility amortizes in quarterly installments, beginning with the close of the fiscal quarter ending March 31, 2019, in an amount equal to \$1.9 million per quarter, with the remaining balance payable at maturity. As of December 31, 2018, there was \$75.0 million in aggregate principal outstanding on the Term Loan Facility. As of June 30, 2019, the balance of the term loan was \$73.1 million. For the six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company made interest payments of approximately \$1.8 million on the term loan.

Revolving Credit Facility: The Revolving Credit Facility allows for borrowings of up to \$50.0 million inclusive of a \$5.0 million sublimit for the issuance of letters of credit and a \$10.0 million sublimit for swingline loans. As of June 30, 2019, the Company had \$10.0 million of borrowings and no letters of credit outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility. For the six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company made interest payments of approximately \$350,729 under the credit facility, respectively.

Mortgage Loan

In October 2017, the Company and its subsidiary, Skye Lane Properties LLC, jointly obtained a commercial real estate mortgage loan in the amount of \$12.7 million, bearing interest of 4.95% per annum and maturing on October 30, 2027. On October 30, 2022, the interest rate shall adjust to an interest rate equal to the annualized interest rate of the United States 5-year Treasury Notes as reported by Federal Reserve on a weekly average basis plus 3.10%. The Company makes monthly principal and interest payments against the loan. For each of the respective six month periods ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Company made principal and interest payments of approximately \$446,000 and on the mortgage loan.

FHLB Loan Agreements

In December 2018, a subsidiary of the Company received a fixed interest rate 3.094% cash loan of \$19.2 million from the Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB") Atlanta. In connection with the agreement, the subsidiary became a member of FHLB. Membership in the FHLB required an investment in FHLB's common stock which was purchased in December 2018 and valued at \$1.4 million. Additionally, the transaction required securities be pledged as collateral. As of June 30, 2019, the fair value of the collateralized securities was \$24.2 million and the equity investment in FHLB common stock was \$1.4 million. As of June 30, 2019, the Company made quarterly interest payments of approximately \$300,325 per the terms of the agreement.

The following table summarizes the Company's debt and credit facilities as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

	Jui	ne 30, 2019	Dece	mber 31, 2018
	' <u>-</u>	(in thousand	ds)	
Convertible debt	\$	23,413	3	29,163
Mortgage loan		12,256		12,394
Term loan facility		73,125		75,000
Revolving credit facility		10,000		20,000
FHLB loan agreement		19,200		19,200
Total principal amount	\$	137,994	3	155,757
Less: unamortized discount and issuance costs	\$	5,545	3	6,963
Total long-term debt	\$	132,449	3	148,794

As of the date of this report, we were in compliance with the applicable terms of all our covenants and other requirements under the Revolving agreement, Term Note, Convertible Debt, cash borrowings and other loans. Our ability to secure future debt financing depends, in part, on our ability to remain in such compliance. As long as there is no default or an event of default exist we are allowed to payout dividends in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$10.0 million in any fiscal year.

The schedule of principal payments on long-term debt is as follows:

Y	ear	Amount (In thousands)			
2019 remaining	\$		5,764		
2020			7,790		
2021			7,806		
2022			7,822		
2023			74,589 34,223		
Thereafter			34,223		
Total	\$		137,994		

NOTE 15. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND OTHER LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and other liabilities consist of the following as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

Description	June 30, 2019			December 31, 2018		
		(In thous	ands)			
Deferred ceding commission	\$	34,705	\$	44,996		
Outstanding claim checks		13,612		15,360		
Accounts payable and other payables		7,850		8,379		
Lease obligations		8,718				
Accrued interest and issuance costs		1,144		1,285		
Accrued dividends		1,791		1,589		
Premium tax		_		2,241		
Other liabilities		_		460		
Commission payables		13,702		11,654		
Total other liabilities	\$	81,522	\$	85,964		

NOTE 16. STATUTORY ACCOUNTING AND REGULATIONS

State laws and regulations, as well as national regulatory agency requirements, govern the operations of all insurers such as our insurance subsidiaries. The various laws and regulations require that insurers maintain minimum amounts of statutory surplus and risk-based capital, restrict insurers' ability to pay dividends, restrict the allowable investment types and investment mixes, and subject the Company's insurers to assessments.

The Company's insurance subsidiaries must maintain capital and surplus ratios or balances as determined by the regulatory authority of the states in which they are domiciled. Heritage P&C is required to maintain capital and surplus equal to the greater of \$15 million or 10% of their respective liabilities. Zephyr is required to maintain a deposit of \$750,000 in a federally insured financial institution. NBIC is required to maintain capital and surplus of \$3.0 million. The combined statutory surplus for Heritage P&C, Zephyr and NBIC was \$347.1 million at June 30, 2019. The combined statutory surplus for Heritage P&C, Zephyr and NBIC was \$376.3 million at December 31, 2018. State law also requires the Company's insurance subsidiaries to adhere to prescribed premium-to-capital surplus ratios, with which the Company is in compliance. At June 30, 2019, our insurance subsidiaries met the financial and regulatory requirements of the states in which they do business.

NOTE 17. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company is involved in claims-related legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. The Company accrues amounts resulting from claims-related legal actions in unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses during the period that it determines an unfavorable outcome becomes probable and it can estimate the amounts. Management makes revisions to its estimates based on its analysis of subsequent information that the Company receives regarding various factors, including: (i) per claim information; (ii) company and industry historical loss experience; (iii) judicial decisions and legal developments in the awarding of damages; and (iv) trends in general economic conditions, including the effects of inflation. When determinable, the Company discloses the range of possible losses in excess of those accrued and for reasonably possible losses.

NOTE 18. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has been party to various related party transactions involving certain of its officers, directors and significant stockholders as set forth below. The Company has entered into each of these arrangements without obligation to continue its effect in the future and the associated expense was immaterial to its results of operations or financial position as of June 30, 2019 and 2018.

• In January 2017, the Company entered into a consulting agreement with Mrs. Shannon Lucas, the wife of the Chairman and CEO, in which she agreed to provide consulting services related to the Company's catastrophe reinsurance and risk management program at a rate of \$400 per hour. The consulting agreement has no specific term and either party may terminate the agreement upon providing written notice. Additionally, she serves as a director of Heritage P&C with an annual compensation of \$150,000. For the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Company paid consulting fees to Ms. Lucas of approximately \$172,000 and \$336,800, respectively.

NOTE 19. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The Company provides a 401(k) plan for substantially all employees. The Company provides a matching contribution of 100% on the first 3% of employees' contribution and 50% on the next 2% of the employees' contribution to the plan. The maximum match is 4%. For the three and six-months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the contributions made to the plan on behalf of the participating employees were approximately \$292,500 and \$548,200 and \$245,200 and \$803,500, respectively.

The Company provides for its employees a partially self-insured healthcare plan and benefits. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, incurred medical premium costs amounted to an aggregate of \$1.1 million and \$1.8 million and \$1.2 million and \$2.2 million, respectively. An additional liability of approximately \$333,000 is recorded for unpaid claims as of June 30, 2019. A stop loss reinsurance policy caps the maximum loss that could be incurred by the Company under the self-insured plan. The Company's stop loss coverage per employee is \$150,000 for which any excess cost would be covered by the reinsurer subject to an aggregate limit for losses in excess of \$1.5 million which would provide up to \$1.0 million of coverage. Any excess of the \$1.5 million retention and the \$1 million of aggregate coverage would be borne by the Company. The aggregate stop loss commences once our expenses exceed 125% of the annual aggregate expected claims.

NOTE 20. EQUITY

The total amount of authorized capital stock consists of 50,000,000 shares of common stock and 5,000,000 shares of preferred stock. As of June 30, 2019, the Company had 29,274,577 shares of common stock outstanding, 7,720,177 treasury shares of common stock and 580,801 unvested shares of restricted common stock issued reflecting total paid-in capital of \$330.3 million as of such date.

As more fully disclosed in our audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018, there were, as of December 31, 2018, 29,477,756 shares of common stock outstanding, 7,214,797 treasury shares of common stock and 605,801 unvested shares of restricted common stock, representing \$325.3 million of additional paid-in capital.

Common Stock

Holders of common stock are entitled to one vote for each share held on all matters subject to a vote of stockholders, subject to the rights of holders of any outstanding preferred stock. Accordingly, holders of a majority of the shares of common stock entitled to vote in any election of directors may elect all of the directors standing for election, subject to the rights of holders of any outstanding preferred stock. Holders of common stock will be entitled to receive ratably any dividends that the board of directors may declare out of funds legally available therefore, subject to any preferential dividend rights of outstanding preferred stock. Upon the Company's liquidation, dissolution or winding up, the holders of common stock will be entitled to receive ratably its net assets available after the payment of all debts and other liabilities and subject to the prior rights of holders of any outstanding preferred stock. Holders of common stock have no preemptive, subscription, redemption or conversion rights. There are no redemption or sinking fund provisions applicable to the common stock. All outstanding shares of the Company's capital stock are fully paid and nonassessable.

Stock Repurchase Program

On August 1, 2018, the Company announced that its Board of Directors authorized a stock repurchase program authorizing the Company to repurchase up to \$50.0 million of its common stock through December 31, 2020 under our current Rule 10b5-1 trading plan, which allows the Company to purchase shares below a predetermined price per share. For the six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company purchased 157,640 shares of its common stock for \$2.3 million. At June 30, 2019, the Company has the capacity to repurchase \$42.7 million of its common shares until December 2020. As of June 30, 2019, the Company repurchased in aggregate 505,380 shares of its common stock for \$7.3 million.

Dividends

On February 25, 2019, the Company's Board of Directors declared a \$0.06 per share quarterly dividend payable on April 3, 2019, to stockholders of record as of March 15, 2019. On May 6, 2019, the Company's Board of Directors declared a \$0.06 per share quarterly dividend payable on July 3, 2019 to stockholders of record as of June 14, 2019.

The declaration and payment of any future dividends will be subject to the discretion of the Board of Directors and will depend on a variety of factors including the Company's financial condition and results of operations.

NOTE 21. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

Restricted Stock

The Company has adopted the Heritage Insurance Holdings, Inc., Omnibus Incentive Plan (the "Plan") effective on May 22, 2014. The Plan authorized 2,981,737 shares of common stock for issuance under the Plan for future grants.

At June 30, 2019 there were 1,321,398 shares available for grant under the Plan. The Company recognizes compensation expense under ASC 718 for its stock-based payments based on the fair value of the awards.

In 2018, the Company granted 155,801 restricted shares vesting over three to five years, to the Company's executives and other key employees. No restricted stock was granted during quarter ended June 30, 2019.

The Plan authorizes the Company to grant stock options at exercise prices equal to the fair market value of the Company's stock on the dates the options are granted. Any options granted would typically have a maximum term of ten years from the date of grant and vest primarily in equal annual installments over a range of one to five-year periods following the date of grant for employee options. If a participant's employment relationship ends, the participant's vested awards would remain exercisable for the shorter of a period of 30 days or the period ending on the latest date on which such award could have been exercisable. The fair value of each option grant is separately estimated for each grant date. The fair value of each option is amortized into compensation expense on a straight-line basis between the grant date for the award and each vesting date. The Company estimates the fair value of all stock option awards as of the date of the grant by applying the Black-Scholes-Merton multiple-option pricing valuation model. The application of this valuation model involves assumptions that are judgmental and highly sensitive in the determination of compensation expense. The Company has not granted any stock options since 2015 and all unexercised stock options have since been forfeited.

The Company has also granted shares of its common stock subject to certain restrictions under the Plan. Restricted stock awards granted to employees vest in equal installments generally over a five-year period from the grant date subject to the recipient's continued employment. The fair value of restricted stock awards is estimated by the market price at the date of grant and amortized on a straight-line basis to expense over the period of vesting. Recipients of restricted stock awards have the right to receive dividends.

Restricted stock activity for the quarter ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Weighted-Average				
		Grant-Date Fair			
	Number of shares	Value per Share			
Non-vested, at December 31, 2018	605,801	\$		20.41	
Granted	_			_	
Vested	(17,000)			14.72	
Canceled and surrendered	(8,000)			14.72	
Non-vested, at June 30, 2019	580,801	\$		20.65	

Awards are being amortized to expense over the three to five-year vesting period. The Company recognized \$2.7 million and \$2.6 million of compensation expense for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. There was approximately \$8.2 million of unrecognized compensation expense related to the un-vested restricted stock at June 30, 2019. The Company expects to recognize substantially all of remaining compensation expense over the next 1.6 years. For the six months ended June 30, 2019, 25,000 shares of restricted stock were vested and released, all of which had been granted to employees. Of the shares released to employees, 8,000 shares were withheld by the Company to cover withholding taxes of \$118,000. For the comparable period of 2018, no shares were vested and released.

NOTE 22. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company performed an evaluation of subsequent events through the date the condensed consolidated financial statements were issued and determined there were no recognized or unrecognized subsequent events that would require an adjustment or additional disclosure in the condensed consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2019.

On August 1, 2019, the Company announced that its Board of Directors declared a \$0.06 per share quarterly dividend payable on October 3, 2019 to stockholders of record as of September 16, 2019.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation s

You should read the following discussion in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes and information included and elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 ("2018 Form 10-K"). Unless the context requires otherwise, as used in this Form 10-Q, the terms "we", "us", "our", "the Company", "our Company", and similar references refer to Heritage Insurance Holdings, Inc., a Delaware corporation, and its subsidiaries.

Financial Results Highlights for the Second Quarter of 2019

- Net income for the quarter was \$0.7 million, or \$0.02 per diluted share.
- Gross premiums written were \$254.8 million, down 3.3% year-over-year, including 8.4% growth outside Florida and an 11.9% exposure
 management driven decline in Florida.
- Premiums-in-force were \$922.5 million, down 0.9% year-over-year, including 6.3% growth outside Florida, 0.8% growth in non-Tri-County, Florida and a 16.3% decline in Tri-County, Florida.
- Began writing commercial residential business in New Jersey. Heritage is actively writing personal residential business in twelve states, commercial residential business in two states and has licenses in sixteen states.
- Favorable prior year reserve development of \$1.3 million, representing our fourth consecutive quarter of favorable development.
- Net current accident quarter weather losses of \$21.5 million mostly stemming from Florida and North Carolina including \$13.4 million of net current accident quarter catastrophe losses.
- Repurchased 157,640 shares for \$2.3 million.
- Unrestricted cash, cash equivalents and investments of \$840.5 million, with total assets of \$1.9 billion at June 30, 2019.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

When we prepare our condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), we must make estimates and assumptions about future events that affect the amounts we report. Certain of these estimates result from judgments that can be subjective and complex. As a result of that subjectivity and complexity, and because we continuously evaluate these estimates and assumptions based on a variety of factors, actual results could materially differ from our estimates and assumptions if changes in one or more factors require us to make accounting adjustments. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, we reassessed our critical accounting policies and estimates as disclosed within our 2018 Form 10-K; as disclosed in Note 1. Basis of Presentation and significant accounting policies we adopted on January 1, 2019, ASU 2016-02, *Leases*, we made no further material changes or additions with regard to such policies and estimates.

Results of Operations

Comparison of the Three Months Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

For the Three Months Ended June 30,

	2019			2018		S Change	% Change
				(in tho	isands)		
REVENUE:							
Gross premiums written	\$	254,840	\$	263,664	\$	(8,824)	(3)%
Change in gross unearned premiums		(24,882)		(32,693)		7,811	(24)%
Gross premiums earned		229,958	·	230,971	· <u> </u>	(1,013)	(0)%
Ceded premiums		(115,875)		(119,767)		3,892	(3)%
Net premiums earned		114,083		111,204	<u></u>	2,879	3%
Net investment income		3,830		2,555		1,275	50%
Net realized gains (losses)		1,303		(85)		1,388	NM
Other revenue		3,627		4,298		(671)	(16)%
Total revenue	\$	122,843	\$	117,972	\$	4,871	4%

NM= Not Meaningful

Gross premiums written

Gross premiums written were \$254.8 million in the second quarter 2019, down 3.3% from \$263.7 million in the prior year quarter. The decrease reflects an 11.9% exposure management driven decline in Florida, particularly in the Tri-County region, partly

offset by 8.4% growth outside Florida. Premiums-in-force were \$922.5 million, down 0.9% year-over-year, with the decrease stemming f rom a 16.3% decline in Tri-County, Florida, partly offset by 6.3% growth outside Florida and 0.8% growth in non-Tri-County, Florida.

Gross premiums earned

Gross premiums earned were \$230.0 million in the second quarter 2019, down 0.4% from \$231.0 million in the prior year quarter.

Ceded premiums earned

Ceded premiums earned were \$115.9 million in the second quarter of 2019, down 3.2% from \$119.8 million in the prior year quarter. The decrease is primarily attributable to NBIC-related reinsurance synergies and a reduction in NBIC's gross quota share reinsurance program, which decreased from 18.75% to 8.0% as of June 1, 2018 and was eliminated as of June 1, 2019. NBIC's gross quota share reduction was partly offset by additional catastrophe excess-of-loss reinsurance coverage and an increase in NBIC's net quota share reinsurance program from 49.5% to 52.0% as of December 31, 2018.

Net premiums earned

Net premiums earned were \$114.1 million in the second quarter of 2019, up 2.6% from \$111.2 million in the prior year quarter. The increase resulted from a lower ceded premium ratio, partially offset by lower gross premiums written.

Net investment income

Net investment income, inclusive of realized investment gains and unrealized gains on equity securities, was \$5.1 million in the second quarter of 2019, up \$2.7 million from the prior year quarter. The increase relates primarily to improved market value on equities and fixed income securities as well as a higher average monthly invested asset balance compared to the prior year quarter.

Other revenue

Other revenue was \$3.6 million in the second quarter of 2019, down \$0.7 million from \$4.3 million in the prior year quarter. The decrease relates primarily to non-core project related income in the prior year quarter.

Total revenue

Total revenue was \$122.8 million in the current year quarter, up 4.1% from \$118.0 million in the prior year quarter. The increase primarily stems from higher net premiums earned and net investment income as described above.

For the Three Months Ended June 30,

	2019	2018	\$ Change	% Change
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Losses and loss adjustment expenses	74,299	65,989	8,310	13%
Policy acquisition costs	27,087	19,411	7,676	40%
General and administrative expenses	18,384	24,422	(6,038)	(25)%
Total operating expenses	119,770	109,822	9,948	9%

Losses and loss adjustment expenses

Losses and loss adjustment expenses ("LAE") were \$74.3 million in the second quarter of 2019, up \$8.3 million from \$66.0 million in the prior year quarter. The increase primarily stems from higher catastrophe and non-catastrophe weather losses and lower income from vertically integrated operations, partly offset by better prior year reserve development.

Policy acquisition costs

Policy acquisition costs were \$27.1 million in the second quarter of 2019, up \$7.7 million from \$19.4 million in the prior year quarter. The increase primarily reflects the favorable impact of NBIC-related purchase accounting on the prior year quarter. The favorable 2018 purchase accounting impact occurred predominantly in the first two quarters and was limited thereafter, as acquisition costs increased with new business. Policy acquisition costs also increased related to reduced ceding commission income in the current year quarter associated with a reduction to NBIC's overall quota share reinsurance programs. NBIC's gross quota share reinsurance program was reduced from 18.75% to 8.0% effective June 1, 2018 and was eliminated effective June 1, 2019, while NBIC's net quota share reinsurance program increased from 49.5% to 52.0% effective December 31, 2018.

General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses were \$18.4 million in the second quarter of 2019, down \$6.0 million from \$24.4 million in the prior year quarter. The decrease is primarily attributable to higher general and administrative costs in the prior year quarter associated with infrastructure growth and post-acquisition costs associated with NBIC-related systems implementation, partly offset by reduced ceding commission income, as described above.

For the	Three	Months	Ended	June 30,
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	 2019	 2018	 \$ Change	% Change
Operating income	3,073	8,150	(5,077)	(62)%
Interest expense, net	1,984	5,386	(3,402)	(63)%
Other non-operating expense, net		(542)	542	NM
Income before income taxes	1,089	3,306	(2,217)	(67)%
Provision for income taxes	 368	 898	 (530)	(59)%
Net income	\$ 721	\$ 2,408	\$ (1,687)	(70)%
Basic net income per share	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.09	\$ (0.07)	(73)%
Diluted net income per share	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.09	\$ (0.07)	(73)%

Interest and amortization of debt issuance costs

Interest expense and amortization of debt issuance costs were \$2.0 million in the second quarter of 2019, down \$3.4 million from \$5.4 million in the prior year quarter. The decrease reflects a significant year-over-year reduction in long-term debt and a lower blended interest rate on outstanding debt associated with 2018 debt refinancing transactions.

Provision for income taxes

Provision for income taxes was \$0.4 million and \$0.9 million for second quarter 2019 and 2018, respectively. The effective tax rate for the current year quarter is 33.8%, 6.6 points above the prior year quarter 27.2% rate. Lower pre-tax income for the quarter had a significant adverse impact on the effective tax rate for the discrete quarter due to the impact of permanent tax differences. The effective tax rate can fluctuate throughout the year as estimates used in the quarterly tax provision are updated with additional information throughout the year.

Net income

Net income was \$0.7 million (\$0.02 per diluted share) in the second quarter of 2019, compared to \$2.4 million (\$0.09 per diluted share) in the prior year quarter. The decrease primarily reflects higher catastrophe and non-catastrophe weather losses.

Ratio

	For the Three Months Ended	For the Three Months Ended June 30,					
	2019	2018					
Gross ceded premium ratio	50.4%	51.9%					
Net loss and LAE ratio	65.1%	59.3%					
Net expense ratio	39.9%	39.4%					
Net combined ratio	105.0%	98.7%					

Gross c eded premium ratio

The gross ceded premium ratio was 50.4% in the second quarter 2019, down 1.5 points from 51.9% in the prior year period. The decrease is primarily attributable to NBIC-related reinsurance synergies and a decline in NBIC's overall quota share reinsurance programs, as described above.

Net loss and LAE ratio

The net loss and LAE ratio was 65.1% in the second quarter 2019, up 5.8 points from 59.3% in the prior year quarter. The increase relates to higher catastrophe and non-catastrophe weather losses in the current year quarter and lower income from vertically integrated operations, partly offset by better reserve development and a lower ceded premium ratio.

Net expense ratio

The net operating expense ratio was 39.9% in the second quarter 2019, up 5.0 points from 39.4% in the prior year quarter. The increase primarily stems from the favorable impact of NBIC-related purchase accounting on the prior year quarter and reduced ceding commission income in the current year quarter associated with an overall reduction to NBIC's quota share reinsurance programs, partly offset by a lower ceded premium ratio.

Net combined ratio

The net combined ratio was 105.0% in the second quarter 2019, up 6.3 points from 98.7% in the prior year quarter. The increase stems from higher net loss and expense ratios, as described above.

Comparison of the Six Months Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

For the Six Months Ended June 30,

	2019	2018		§ Change	% Change
		(in thou	isands)		
REVENUE:					
Gross premiums written	\$ 465,188	\$ 468,030	\$	(2,842)	(1)%
Change in gross unearned premiums	(6,640)	(9,896)		3,256	(33)%
Gross premiums earned	 458,548	 458,134	<u></u>	414	0%
Ceded premiums	(234,774)	(240,822)		6,048	(3)%
Net premiums earned	223,774	217,312		6,462	3%
Net investment income	7,502	5,857		1,645	28%
Net realized gains (losses)	2,327	(312)		2,639	NM
Other revenue	7,501	7,141		360	5%
Total revenue	\$ 241,104	\$ 229,998	\$	11,106	5%

Gross premiums written

Gross premiums written were \$465.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019, down 0.6% from \$468.0 million in the prior year period, as exposure management within Tri-County, Florida was only partly offset by growth outside the region. Premiums-in-force were \$922.5 million, down 0.9% year-over-year, with the decrease stemming from a 16.3% decline in Tri-County, Florida, partly offset by 6.3% growth outside Florida and 0.8% growth in non-Tri-County, Florida.

Gross premiums earned

Gross premiums earned were \$458.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019, relatively flat compared to \$458.1 million in the prior year period.

Ceded premiums earned

Ceded premiums earned were \$234.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019, down 2.5% from \$240.8 million in the prior year quarter. The decrease is primarily attributable to NBIC-related reinsurance synergies and a reduction in NBIC's gross quota share reinsurance program, which decreased from 18.75% to 8.0% as of June 1, 2018 and was eliminated as of June 1, 2019. NBIC's gross quota share reduction was partly offset by additional catastrophe excess-of-loss reinsurance coverage and an increase in NBIC's net quota share reinsurance program from 49.5% to 52.0% as of December 31, 2018.

Net premiums earned

Net premiums earned were \$223.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019, up 3.0% from \$217.3 million in the prior year period. The increase primarily stems from lower ceded premiums earned, as described above.

Net investment income

Net investment income, inclusive of realized investment gains and unrealized gains on equity securities for the six months ended June 30, 2019, was \$9.8 million, up \$4.3 million from the prior year period. The increase relates primarily to improved market value on equities and fixed income securities as well as a higher average monthly invested asset balance compared to the prior year quarter.

Other revenue

Other revenue was \$7.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019, relatively flat compared to \$7.1 million in the prior year period.

Total revenue

Total revenue was \$241.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019, up 4.8% from \$230.0 million in the prior year period. The increase primarily stems from higher net premiums earned and net investment income as described above.

Operating Expenses

For the Six Months Ended June 30,

	2019	2018	\$ Change	% Change
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Losses and loss adjustment expenses	136,438	119,080	17,358	15%
Policy acquisition costs	53,107	31,598	21,509	68%
General and administrative expenses	36,988	46,352	(9,364)	(20)%
Total operating expenses	226,533	197,030	29,503	15%

Losses and loss adjustment expenses

Losses and loss adjustment expenses ("LAE") were \$136.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019, up \$17.4 million from \$119.1 million in the prior year period. The increase stems primarily from higher catastrophe and non-catastrophe weather losses and lower income from vertically integrated operations, partly offset by better prior year reserve development.

Policy acquisition costs

Policy acquisition costs were \$53.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019, up \$21.5 million from \$31.6 million in the prior year period. The increase primarily reflects the favorable impact of NBIC-related purchase accounting on the prior year quarter. The favorable 2018 purchase accounting impact occurred predominantly in the first two quarters and was limited thereafter, as acquisition costs increased with new business. Policy acquisition costs also increased related to reduced ceding commission income in the current year period associated with a reduction to NBIC's overall quota share reinsurance programs. NBIC's gross quota share reinsurance program was reduced from 18.75% to 8.0% effective June 1, 2018 and was eliminated effective June 1, 2019, while NBIC's net quota share reinsurance program increased from 49.5% to 52.0% effective December 31, 2018.

General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses were \$37.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019, down \$9.4 million from \$46.4 million in the prior year period. The decrease is primarily attributable to higher general and administrative costs in the prior year quarter associated with infrastructure growth and post-acquisition costs associated with NBIC-related systems implementation, partly offset by reduced ceding commission income, as described above.

For the Six Months Ended June 30,

	 2019	 2018	 \$ Change	% Change
Operating income	14,571	32,968	(18,397)	(56)%
Interest expense, net	4,101	10,206	(6,105)	(60)%
Other non-operating expense, net	48	(542)	590	NM
Income before income taxes	10,422	23,304	(12,882)	(55)%
Provision for income taxes	2,737	6,066	(3,329)	(55)%
Net income	\$ 7,685	\$ 17,238	\$ (9,553)	(55)%
Basic net income per share	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.67	\$ (0.41)	(61)%
Diluted net income per share	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.65	\$ (0.39)	(60)%

Interest and amortization of debt issuance costs

Interest expense and amortization of debt issuance costs were \$4.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019, down \$6.1 million from \$10.2 million in the prior year period. The decrease primarily reflects a significant year-over-year reduction in long-term debt and a lower blended interest rate on outstanding debt associated with 2018 debt refinancing transactions.

Provision for income taxes

Provision for income taxes was \$2.7 million and \$6.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The effective tax rate for the current year is 26.3%, 3 points higher than the prior year's 26.0%. The effective tax rate can fluctuate throughout the year as estimates used in the quarterly tax provision are updated with additional information throughout the year.

Net income

Net income for the six months ended June 30, 2019 was \$7.7 million (\$0.26 per diluted share) compared to \$17.2 million (\$0.65 cents per diluted share) in the prior year period. The decrease primarily reflects higher catastrophe and non-catastrophe weather losses in the current year period and the favorable impact of NBIC-related purchase accounting on the prior year period's expenses.

Ratios

	For the Six Months Ended J	For the Six Months Ended June 30,					
	2019	2018					
Gross ceded premium ratio	51.2%	52.6%					
Net loss and LAE ratio	61.0%	54.8%					
Net expense ratio	40.3%	35.9%					
Net combined ratio	101.3%	90.7%					

Gross ceded premium ratio

The gross ceded premium ratio was 51.2% for the six months ended June 30, 2019, down 1.4 points from 52.6% in the prior year period. The decrease is primarily attributable to NBIC-related reinsurance and a reduction to NBIC's overall quota share reinsurance programs, as described above.

Net loss and LAE ratio

The net loss and LAE ratio was 61.0% for the six months ended June 30, 2019, up 6.2 points from 54.8% in the prior year period. The increase relates to higher current accident year catastrophe and non-catastrophe weather losses and lower income from vertically integrated operations, partly offset by better reserve prior year development and a lower ceded premium ratio.

Net expense ratio

The net expense ratio was 40.3% for the six months ended June 30, 2019, up 4.4 points from 35.9% in the prior year period. The increase primarily stems from the favorable impact of NBIC-related purchase accounting in the prior year period and reduced ceding commission income in the current year associated with an overall reduction to NBIC's quota share reinsurance programs, partly offset by a lower ceded premium ratio.

Net combined ratio

The net combined ratio was 101.2% for six months ended June 30, 2019, up 10.6 points from 90.7% in the prior year period. The increase stems from higher net loss and expense ratios, as described above.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of June 30, 2019, we had \$262.5 million of cash and cash equivalents, which primarily consisted of cash and money market accounts. We generally hold substantial cash balances to meet seasonal liquidity needs including amounts to pay quarterly reinsurance installments as well as meet the collateral requirements of Osprey Re Ltd. ("Osprey"), our captive reinsurance company. In addition, we have \$13.8 million in restricted cash to meet our contractual obligations related to the catastrophe bonds issued by Citrus Re Ltd. as well as state insurance department depository requirements.

Osprey is required to maintain a collateral trust account equal to the risk that it assumes from our insurance company affiliates. At June 30, 2019, approximately \$18 million was held in Osprey's trust account.

Although we can provide no assurances, we believe that we maintain sufficient liquidity to pay our insurance company affiliates' claims and expenses, as well as to satisfy commitments in the event of unforeseen events such as inadequate premium rates or reserve deficiencies. We believe our current capital resources, including funds available under our revolving credit facility (as described below), together with cash provided from our operations, will be sufficient to meet currently anticipated working capital requirements for at least the next twelve months. We maintain a comprehensive reinsurance program at levels management considers adequate to diversify risk and safeguard our financial position.

Cash Flows

		For the Six Months Ended June 30,							
		Change							
				(in thousands)					
Net cash provided by (used in):									
Operating activities	\$	76,415	\$	48,332	\$	28,083			
Investing activities		(36,772)		30,938		(67,710)			
Financing activities		(25,740)		(18,573)		(7,167)			
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,903	\$	60,697	\$	(46,794)			

Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$76.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019 compared to cash provided of \$48.3 million for the comparable period in 2018. The increase in cash from operating activities relates primarily to collection of reinsurance on catastrophe claims and a reduction of unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses during the first six months of 2019 compared to the first six months of 2018.

Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2019 was \$36.8 million as compared to cash provided of \$30.9 million for the comparable period in 2018. The cash provided by investing activities in the first six months of 2018 relates to investments sold during the quarter, primarily to fund payments of Hurricane Irma claims pending reinsurance recoveries whereas we increased invested assets during the first six months of 2019.

Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2019 was \$25.7 million, as compared to cash used in financing activities of \$18.6 million for the comparable period in 2018. The increase in cash used in financing activities is due primarily to stock repurchased under the stock repurchase program in the current year and principal payments on the revolving credit line during the first six months of 2019.

Credit Facilities

On December 14, 2018, Heritage Insurance Holdings, Inc. (the "Company"), as borrower, entered into a five-year, \$125 million credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") by and among the Company, certain subsidiaries of the Company from time to time party thereto as guarantors, the lenders from time to time party thereto (the "Lenders"), Regions Bank, as Administrative Agent and Collateral Agent, BMO Harris Bank N.A., as Syndication Agent, Hancock Whitney Bank and Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce,

as Co-Documentation Agents, and Regions Capital Markets and BMO Capital Markets Corp., as Joint Lead Arrangers and Joint Bookrunners. At June 30, 2019, the Company had in aggregate \$83.1 million outstanding against the Credit Agreement.

Pursuant to the Credit Agreement, the participating Lenders agreed to provide (1) a senior secured term loan facility in an aggregate principal amount of \$75 million (the "Term Loan Facility") and (2) a senior secured revolving credit facility in an aggregate principal amount of \$50 million (inclusive of a \$5 million sublimit for the issuance of letters of credit and a \$10 million sublimit for swingline loans) (the "Revolving Credit Facility" and together with the Term Loan Facility, the "Credit Facilities").

At our option, borrowings under the Credit Facilities bear interest at rates equal to either (1) a rate determined by reference to LIBOR (based on one, two, three or six-month interest periods), adjusted for statutory reserve requirements, plus an applicable margin (equal to 3.25% as of the Closing Date) or (2) a base rate determined by reference to the greatest of (a) the "prime rate" of Regions Bank, (b) the federal funds rate plus 0.50%, and (c) the LIBOR index rate applicable for an interest period of one month plus 1.00%, plus an applicable margin (equal to 2.25%).

The applicable margin for loans under the Credit Facilities varies from 3.25% per annum to 3.75% per annum (for LIBOR loans) and 2.25% to 2.75% per annum (for base rate loans) based on our consolidated leverage ratio. Interest payments with respect to the Credit Facilities are required either on a quarterly basis (for base rate loans) or at the end of each interest period (for LIBOR loans) or, if the duration of the applicable interest period exceeds three months, then every three months. As of June 30, 2019, the borrowing under our Credit Facilities were accruing interest at a rate of 5.625% per annum.

In addition to paying interest on outstanding borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility, we are required to pay a quarterly commitment fee based on the unused portion of the Revolving Credit Facility, which is determined by our consolidated leverage ratio.

Each of the Revolving Credit Facility and the Term Loan Facility mature on December 14, 2023. The principal amount of the Term Loan Facility amortizes in quarterly installments, which began with the close of the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2019, in an amount equal to \$1,875,000 per quarter, payable monthly or quarterly, with the balance payable at maturity.

The Company may prepay the loans under the Credit Facilities, in whole or in part, at any time without premium or penalty, subject to certain conditions including minimum amounts and reimbursement of certain costs in the case of prepayments of LIBOR loans. In addition, the Company is required to prepay the loan under the Term Loan Facility with the proceeds from certain financing transactions, involuntary dispositions or asset sales (subject, in the case of asset sales, to reinvestment rights).

All obligations under the Credit Facilities are or will be guaranteed by each existing and future direct and indirect wholly-owned domestic subsidiary of the Company, other than all of the Company's current and future regulated insurance subsidiaries (collectively, the "Guarantors").

The Company and the Guarantors entered into a Pledge and Security Agreement, on December 14, 2018 (the "Security Agreement"), in favor of Regions Bank, as collateral agent. Pursuant to the Security Agreement, amounts borrowed under the Credit Facilities are secured on a first priority basis by a perfected security interest in substantially all of the present and future assets of the Company and each Guarantor (subject to certain exceptions), including all of the capital stock of the Company's domestic subsidiaries, other than its regulated insurance subsidiaries.

The Credit Agreement contains, among other things, covenants, representations and warranties and events of default customary for facilities of this type. The Company is required to maintain, as of each fiscal quarter (1) a maximum consolidated leverage ratio of 3.25 to 1.00 for each fiscal quarter ending on or before December 31, 2019, stepping down on each of the three anniversaries thereafter; (2) a minimum consolidated fixed charge coverage ratio of 1.20 to 1.00 and (3) a minimum consolidated net worth for the Company and its subsidiaries. Events of default include, among other events, (i) nonpayment of principal, interest, fees or other amounts; (ii) failure to perform or observe certain covenants set forth in the Credit Agreement; (iii) breach of any representation or warranty; (iv) cross-default to other indebtedness; (v) bankruptcy and insolvency defaults; (vi) monetary judgment defaults and material nonmonetary judgment defaults; (vii) customary ERISA defaults; (viii) a change of control of the Company; and (ix) failure to maintain specified catastrophe retentions in each of the Company's regulated insurance subsidiaries.

Convertible Notes

On August 10, 2017, the Company and Heritage MGA, LLC (the "Guarantor") entered into a purchase agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") with Citigroup Global Markets Inc., as the initial purchaser (the "Initial Purchaser"), pursuant to which the Company agreed to issue and sell, and the Initial Purchaser agreed to purchase, \$125.0 million aggregate principal amount of the Company's 5.875% Convertible Senior Notes due 2037 (the "Convertible Notes") in a private placement transaction pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act, as amended (the "Securities Act") (the "Offering"). The Purchase Agreement contained customary representations, warranties and agreements of the Company and the Guarantor and customary conditions to closing, indemnification rights and obligations of the parties and termination provisions. The net proceeds from the Offering, after deducting discounts and

commissions and es timated offering expenses payable by the Company, were approximately \$120.5 million. The Offering was completed on August 16, 2017.

The Company issued the Convertible Notes under an Indenture (the "Convertible Note Indenture"), dated August 16, 2017, by and among the Company, as issuer, the Guarantor, as guarantor, and Wilmington Trust, National Association, as trustee (the "Trustee").

The Convertible Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.875% per year. Interest began accruing on August 16, 2017 and is payable semi-annually in arrears, on February 1 and August 1 of each year, starting on February 1, 2018. The Convertible Notes are senior unsecured obligations of the Company that rank senior in right of payment to the Company's future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the Convertible Notes; equal in right of payment to the Company's unsecured indebtedness that is not so subordinated; effectively junior to any of the Company's secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness; and structurally junior to all indebtedness or other liabilities incurred by the Company's subsidiaries other than the Guarantor, which fully and unconditionally guarantee the Convertible Notes on a senior unsecured basis.

The Convertible Notes mature on August 1, 2037, unless earlier repurchased, redeemed or converted.

Holders may convert their Convertible Notes at any time prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding February 1, 2037, other than during the period from, and including, February 1, 2022 to the close of business on the second business day immediately preceding August 5, 2022, only under the following circumstances: (1) during any calendar quarter commencing after the calendar quarter ending on September 30, 2017, if the closing sale price of the Company's common stock, for at least 20 trading days (whether or not consecutive) in the period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of the calendar quarter immediately preceding the calendar quarter in which the conversion occurs, is more than 130% of the conversion price of the Convertible Notes in effect on each applicable trading day; (2) during the ten consecutive business-day period following any five consecutive trading-day period in which the trading price for the Convertible Notes for each such trading day was less than 98% of the closing sale price of the Company's common stock on such date multiplied by the then-current conversion rate; (3) if the Company calls any or all of the Convertible Notes for redemption, at any time prior to the close of business on the second business day immediately preceding the redemption date; or (4) upon the occurrence of specified corporate events.

During the period from and including February 1, 2022 to the close of business on the second business day immediately preceding August 5, 2022, and on or after February 1, 2037 until the close of business on the second business day immediately preceding August 1, 2037, holders may surrender their Convertible Notes for conversion at any time, regardless of the foregoing circumstances.

The conversion rate for the Convertible Notes was initially 67.0264 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of Convertible Notes (equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$14.92 per share of common stock). The conversion rate is subject to adjustment in certain circumstances, and is subject to increase for holders that elect to convert their Convertible Notes in connection with certain corporate transactions (but not, at the Company's election, a public acquirer change of control (as defined in the Convertible Note Indenture)) that occur prior to August 5, 2022.

Upon the occurrence of a fundamental change (as defined in the Convertible Note Indenture) (but not, at the Company's election, a public acquirer change of control (as defined in the Convertible Note Indenture)), holders of the Convertible Notes may require the Company to repurchase for cash all or a portion of their Convertible Notes at a fundamental change repurchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Convertible Notes to be repurchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the fundamental change repurchase date.

Except as described below, the Company may not redeem the Convertible Notes prior to August 5, 2022. On or after August 5, 2022 but prior to February 1, 2037, the Company may redeem for cash all or any portion of the Convertible Notes, at the Company's option, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Convertible Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the redemption date. No sinking fund is provided for the Convertible Notes, which means that the Company is not required to redeem or retire the Convertible Notes periodically. Holders of the Convertible Notes are able to cause the Company to repurchase their Convertible Notes for cash on any of August 1, 2022, August 1, 2027 and August 1, 2032, in each case at 100% of their principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the relevant repurchase date.

The Convertible Note Indenture contains customary terms and covenants and events of default. If an Event of Default (as defined in the Indenture) occurs and is continuing, the Trustee by notice to the Company, or the holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the Convertible Notes then outstanding by notice to the Company and the Trustee, may declare 100% of the principal of, and accrued and unpaid interest, if any, on, all the Convertible Notes to be immediately due and payable. In the case of certain events of bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization (as set forth in the Convertible Note Indenture) with respect to the Company, 100% of the principal of, and accrued and unpaid interest, if any, on, the Notes automatically become immediately due and payable.

In the second quarter of 2018, the Company repurchased \$10.6 million principal amount of Convertible Notes for cash. In the fourth quarter of 2018 and first quarter of 2019, the Company repurchased Convertible Notes in the aggregate principal amount of \$81.6 million for a combination of cash and the issuance of an aggregate of 3,880,653 shares of the Company's common stock, leaving \$23.4 million in aggregate principal amount outstanding. There were no repurchases of Convertible Notes in the second quarter of 2019.

FHLB Loan Agreements

In December 2018, a subsidiary of the Company pledged U.S. government and agency fixed maturity securities with an estimated fair value of \$31.0 million as collateral and received \$19.2 million in a cash loan under an advance agreement with the Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB") Atlanta. The loan originated on December 12, 2018 and bears a fixed interest rate of 3.094% with interest payments due quarterly commencing in March 2019. The principal balance on the loan has a maturity date of December 13, 2023. In connection with the agreement, the subsidiary became a member of FHLB. Membership in the FHLB required an investment in FHLB's common stock which was purchased on December 31, 2018 and valued at \$1.4 million. The subsidiary is permitted to withdraw any portion of the pledged collateral over the minimum collateral requirement at any time, other than in the event of a default by the subsidiary. The proceeds from the loan was used to prepay the Company's Senior Secured Notes due 2023 ("Senior Notes") in 2018. The Company does not have any Senior Notes outstanding as of June 30, 2019.

Contractual Obligations -

The following table represents our contractual obligations for which cash flows are fixed or determinable as of June 30, 2019:

	Total	Less Than 1 Year		1-3 Years		3-5 Years		More than 5 Years	
				(In thousands)					
Convertible debt	\$ 39,575	\$	1,032	\$	2,751	\$	2,751	\$	33,041
Note Payable (1)	97,856		6,051		22,942		68,863		_
Mortgage loan	20,833		446		1,786		1,786		16,815
FHLB agreement	21,913		302		1,206		20,405		_
Lease obligations	11,075		1,091		2,842		2,692		4,450
Total Contractual Obligations	\$ 191,252	\$	8,922	\$	31,527	\$	96,497	\$	54,306

⁽¹⁾ Represents the principal and interest payments per the terms of the Credit Facility debt.

Seasonality of our Business

Our insurance business is seasonal as hurricanes typically occur during the period from June 1 through November 30 each year and winter storms generally impact the first and fourth quarters of each year. With our catastrophe reinsurance program effective on June 1 each year, any variation in the cost of our reinsurance, whether due to changes to reinsurance rates or changes in the total insured value of our policy base, will occur and be reflected in our financial results beginning June 1 of each year, subject to certain adjustments.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have transactions with unconsolidated entities, such as entities often referred to as structured financial or special purpose entities, whereby we have financial guarantees, subordinated retained interest, derivative instruments, or other contingent arrangements that expose us to material continuing risks, contingent liabilities or any other obligation under a variable interest in an unconsolidated entity that provides financial, liquidity, market risk, or credit risk support to us

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The information set forth under Note 1 to the condensed consolidated financial statements under the caption "Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies" is incorporated herein by reference.

JOBS Act

We qualify as an "emerging growth company" under the JOBS Act. Section 107 of the JOBS Act provides that an emerging growth company can take advantage of the extended transition period provided in Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act for complying with new or revised accounting standards. In other words, an emerging growth company can delay the adoption of certain

accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies. We have irrevocably elected not to avail ourselves of this extended transition period and, as a result, we will adopt new or revised accounting standards on the relevant dates on which adoption of such standards is required for other public companies. We are in the process of evaluating the benefits of relying on other exemptions and reduced reporting requirements provided by the JOBS Act. Subject to certain conditions set forth in the JOBS Act, i f as an emerging growth company we choose to rely on such exemptions, we may not be required to, among other things, (i) provide an auditor's attestation report on our systems of internal controls over financial reporting pursuant to Section 404 of the Sar banes-Oxley Act of 2002, (ii) provide all of the compensation disclosure that may be required of non-emerging growth public companies under the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, (iii) comply with any requirement that may be adopted by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board regarding mandatory audit firm rotation or a supplement to the auditor's report providing additional information about the audit and the condensed consolidated financial statements (auditor discussion and a nalysis), and (iv) disclose certain executive compensation-related items such as the correlation between executive compensation and performance and comparisons of the Chief Executive Officer's compensation to median employee compensation. These exemptions will apply until we no longer meet the requirements of being an emerging growth company. We will remain an emerging growth company until the earlier of (1) the last day of the fiscal year (a) following the fifth anniversary of the completion of our initial public offering, (b) in which we have total annual gross revenue of at least \$1.07 billion or (c) in which we are deemed to be a large accelerated filer, which means the market value of our common stock that is held by non-affiliates exceeds \$700 million as of the last business day of our prior second fiscal quarter, and (2) the date on which we have issued more than \$1 billion in non-convertible debt during the prior three-year period. We expect that we will no longer qualify as an emerging growth company on December 31, 2019, as it will be the last day of the fiscal year following the fifth anniversary of the completion of our initial public offering.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

Our investment portfolios at June 30, 2019 included fixed maturity and equity securities, the purposes of which are not for trading or speculation. Our main objective is to maximize after-tax investment income and maintain sufficient liquidity to meet policyholder obligations while minimizing market risk, which is the potential economic loss from adverse fluctuations in securities' prices. We consider many factors including credit ratings, investment concentrations, regulatory requirements, anticipated fluctuation of interest rates, durations and market conditions in developing investment strategies. Investment securities are managed by a group of nationally recognized asset managers and are overseen by the investment committee appointed by our board of directors. Our investment portfolios are primarily exposed to interest rate risk, credit risk and equity price risk. We classify our fixed maturity securities as available-for-sale and report any unrealized gains or losses, net of deferred income taxes, as a component of other comprehensive income within our stockholders' equity. We classify our equity securities as available-for-sale and report any unrealized gains or losses in the income statement. As such, any material temporary changes in the fair value of such securities can adversely impact the carrying value of our stockholders' equity.

Interest Rate Risk

Our fixed maturity securities are sensitive to potential losses resulting from unfavorable changes in interest rates. We manage the risk by analyzing anticipated movement in interest rates and considering our future capital needs.

The following table illustrates the impact of hypothetical changes in interest rates to the fair value of our fixed maturity securities at June 30, 2019 (in thousands):

Hypothetical Change in Interest rates	Estimated Fair Value After Change		Change In Estimated Fair Value	Percentage Increase (Decrease) in Estimated Fair Value		
300 basis point increase	\$ 499,347	\$	(54,272)	(9.8)%		
200 basis point increase	\$ 517,450	\$	(36,169)	(6.5)%		
100 basis point increase	\$ 535,540	\$	(18,079)	(3.3)%		
100 basis point decrease	\$ 571,663	\$	18,044	3.3%		
200 basis point decrease	\$ 586,902	\$	33,283	6.0%		
300 basis point decrease	\$ 593,145	\$	39,526	7.1%		

Credit Risk

Credit risk can expose us to potential losses arising principally from adverse changes in the financial condition of the issuer of our fixed maturities. We mitigate this risk by investing in fixed maturities that are generally investment grade and by diversifying our investment portfolio to avoid concentrations in any single issuer or market sector.

The following table presents the composition of our fixed ma turity portfolio by rating at June 30, 2019 (in thousands):

Comparable Rating	Amortized Cost	% of Total Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value	% of total Estimated Fair Value	
AAA	\$ 49,598	9.1%	\$ 50,092	9.0%	
AA+	\$ 181,486	33.2%	\$ 182,628	33.0%	
AA	\$ 62,506	11.4%	\$ 63,470	11.5%	
AA-	\$ 39,594	7.2%	\$ 40,403	7.3%	
A+	\$ 22,309	4.1%	\$ 22,710	4.1%	
A	\$ 38,095	7.0%	\$ 38,664	7.0%	
A-	\$ 51,468	9.4%	\$ 52,018	9.4%	
BBB+	\$ 38,126	7.0%	\$ 38,968	7.0%	
BBB	\$ 16,724	3.1%	\$ 16,995	3.1%	
BBB-	\$ 1,231	0.2%	\$ 1,241	0.2%	
BB	\$ 111	0.0%	\$ 111	0.0%	
NA and NR	\$ 45,439	8.3%	\$ 46,319	8.4%	
Total	\$ 546,687	100%	\$ 553,619	100%	

Equity Price Risk

Our equity investment portfolio at June 30, 2019 consists of \$1.6 million of Federal Home Loan Bank common stock, the investment is recorded at cost and adjusted, if and when subsequent price changes are provided by the institution. Such changes in the basis of the equity investment are recognized in net holding gains and losses on the Company's consolidated statement of income. As of June 30, 2019, the Company has not recognized any price changes on the investment.

Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

At June 30, 2019, we did not have any material exposure to foreign currency related risk.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(e)) that are designed to assure that information required to be disclosed in our Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

As required by Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(b), as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report, under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2019.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There has been no change in our internal controls over financial reporting during our most recent quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. We implemented internal controls to ensure we adequately assessed the impact of the new accounting standards related to leases on our condensed consolidated financial statements to facilitate their adoption on January 1, 2019. There were no significant changes to our internal control over financial reporting due to the adoption of the new standard.

PAR T II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The Company is a party to claims and legal actions arising routinely in the ordinary course of our business. Although we cannot predict with certainty the ultimate resolution of the claims and lawsuits asserted against us, we do not believe that any currently pending legal proceedings to which we are a party will have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position results of operations or cash flow.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

The risk factors disclosed in the section entitled "Risk Factors" in our 2018 Form 10-K set forth information relating to various risks and uncertainties that could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and operating results. Those risk factors continue to be relevant to an understanding of our business, financial condition and operating results. No material changes have occurred with respect to those risk factors.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Issuer purchases of equity securities

During the three months ended June 30, 2019, we purchased 157,640 shares of common stock for an aggregate purchase of \$2,334,439 under our share repurchase program. A summary of our common stock repurchases during the three months ended June 30, 2019 under our share repurchase program is set forth in the table below (in thousands, except shares):

	Total Number of Shares Purchased	A	verage Price Paid Per Share (1)	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs (2)	F	ollar Value of Shares that May Yet be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
April 1, 2019 through April 30, 2019	_	\$	_		\$	44,989
May 1, 2019 through May 31, 2019	157,640	\$	14.78	157,640	\$	42,655
June 1, 2019 through June 30, 2019	_	\$	_	_	\$	42,655
Total	157,640			157,640		

- (1) Average price paid per share excludes cash paid for commissions.
- (2) On August 1, 2018, the Company announced that its Board of Directors authorized a stock repurchase program authorizing the Company to repurchase up to \$50 million of its common stock through December 31, 2020 under our current Rule 10b5-1 trading plan, which allows the Company to purchase shares below a predetermined price per share.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

None

Item 6. Exhibits

The information required by this Item 6 is set forth in the Index to Exhibits accompanying this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Index to Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Description
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation of Heritage Insurance Holdings, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on August 6, 2014)
3.2	By-laws of Heritage Insurance Holdings, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on August 6, 2014)
4	Form of Stock Certificate (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1/A (File No. 333-195409) filed on May 13, 2014)
4.1	Form of 5.875% Convertible Senior Notes due 2037 (included in Exhibit 4.1), incorporated by reference to 1.1 to our Form 8-K filed on August 16, 2017
4.2	Indenture, date as of August 16, 2017, by and among the Company. Heritage MGA, LLC as guarantor, and Wilmington Trust, National Association, as trustee, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to our Form 8-K filed on August 16, 2017
31.1*	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Principal Executive Officer as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2*	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Principal Financial Officer as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1**	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.SC. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2**	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.SC. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	101. SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema.
101.CAL	101. CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase.
101.DEF	101. DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase.
101.LAB	101. LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase.
101.PRE	101. PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase.

^{*} Filed herewith

^{**} Furnished herewith

SIGNAT URES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as amended, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

HERITAGE INSURANCE HOLDINGS, INC.

Date: August 7, 2019

By: /s/ BRUCE LUCAS

Bruce Lucas

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer and Duly Authorized Officer)

Date: August 7, 2019

sy: /s/ KIRK LUSK

Kirk Lusk

Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT

- I, Bruce Lucas, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Heritage Insurance Holdings, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and we have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the end of the period covered by this report; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.

Date: August 7, 2019

By: /s/ BRUCE LUCAS

Bruce Lucas Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer and Duly Authorized Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT

- I, Kirk Lusk, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Heritage Insurance Holdings, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and we have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the end of the period covered by this report; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.

Date: August 7, 2019

By: /s/ KIRK LUSK Kirk Lusk Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

CERTIFICATIONS PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection the Quarterly Report on Form 10Q of Heritage Insurance Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarter ended June 30, 2019, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), I, Bruce Lucas, the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of his knowledge, that:

- 1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 7, 2019

By: /s/ BRUCE LUCAS

Bruce Lucas
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive
Officer and Duly Authorized Officer)

CERTIFICATIONS PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection the Quarterly Report on Form 10Q of Heritage Insurance Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarter ended June 30, 2019, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), I, Kirk Lusk, the Chief Financial Officer of the Company. hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of his knowledge, that:

- 1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 7, 2019

By: /s/ KIRK LUSK

Kirk Lusk
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)